

North-East Goldfields

THE WEST PINAFORE GOLD MINING COMPANY, NO LIABILITY.

NOTICE OF CALL.
A CALL (the fourth) of Threepence per Share has been made on the Shares in this Company, and will be due and payable at the Office of the Company, Patterson-street, Launceston, on Wednesday, the 9th day of September next.
By Order of the Directors,
ROBERT H. PRICE, Manager.
Launceston, 27th August, 1891.

LITTLE WONDER GOLD MINING COMPANY.

NOTICE OF CALL.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a Call (thirty-six) of Three Halfpence per Share is made on the Shares of the above Company, payable at the Office on Wednesday, 9th September, 1891.
J. SINCLAIR, Manager.
Launceston, 31st August, 1891.

THE MOONLIGHT GOLD MINING COMPANY, NO LIABILITY.

CALL (the Ninth) of One Penny per Share has been made on all the Shares of the above Company, and will be due and payable at the Office of the Company, Patterson-street, Launceston, on Wednesday, the 9th March, 1887.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
MARTIN SHOLL, Manager.
Launceston, 28th February, 1887.

DALLY'S UNITED GOLD MINING AND QUARTZ CRUSHING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

NOTICE OF CALL.
A CALL (the 17th) of Sixpence per Share has been made on the Contributing Shares in this Company, and will be due and payable at the Office of the Company, in Patterson-street, Launceston, on Wednesday, the 14th day of April next.
By Order of the Directors,
ROBERT H. PRICE, Manager.
Launceston, 19th March, 1886.

OLIVE BRANCH GOLD MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED, NO LIABILITY.

NOTICE OF CALL.
I HEREBY give notice that a Call (the Fourth) of Twopence per Share has this day been made on all Shares in the above Company, due and payable to me at the office of the Company, St. John-street, Launceston, on Wednesday, the 9th day of March, 1887.
By Order of the Board,
M. STACKHOUSE, Manager.
Launceston, 9th February, 1887.

WATERHOUSE QUARTZ AND PYRITES PROSPECTING ASSOCIATION, REGISTERED, NO LIABILITY.

CALL, the tenth (10th) of Threepence (3d.) per Share has been made, due and payable at the Office of the Company on Wednesday, 9th May, 1888.
HENRY TURNER, Manager,
St. John-street, Launceston.

HIDDEN TREASURE PROSPECTING ASSOCIATION, NO LIABILITY.

NOTICE OF CALL.
A CALL (the second) of Ten Shillings per Share has been made on the Shares of this Company, and will be due and payable at the Office of the Company, Patterson-street, Launceston, on Wednesday, the 9th May.
By Order,
EDGAR BOTHAMLEY, Manager.
Launceston, 27th April, 1888.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LEASE OF A WATER-RIGHT.

WE, the undersigned, hereby give notice that we did, on the 21st day of January, 1887, mark off under application for Lease of a Water-right under "The Gold Fields Regulation Act, 1880," of twenty slices-heads for a term not exceeding Twenty-one years, the particulars of which are hereunder set forth.
Water to be diverted from the Tyne River near the junction of Tim's Creek. Length of race, five miles or thereabout. Termination of race, N.E. or thereabout. Termination of race at the Black Boy Gold Fields, east of the Town of Mathinna. Dam site required at or near tail of race, to be pointed out to the Surveyor. Area about one acre.
Dated this first day of February, 1887.
JOHN C. HADLEY and JOHN O'HARE,
Orient Hotel, Hobart.

THE MOUNT VICTORIA GOLD MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED, NO LIABILITY.

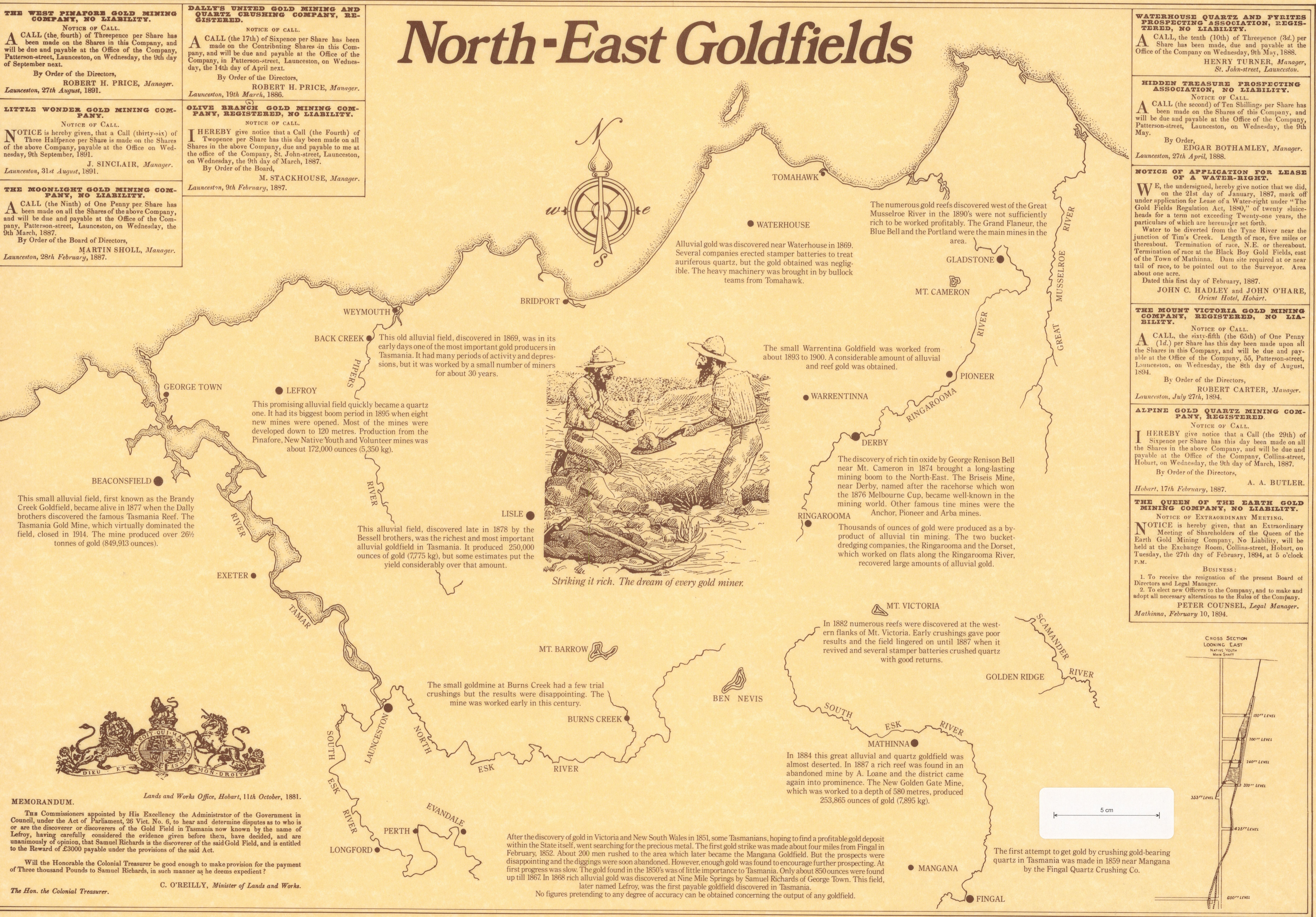
NOTICE OF CALL.
A CALL, the sixth-fifth (the 65th) of One Penny (1d.) per Share has this day been made upon all the Shares in this Company, and will be due and payable at the Office of the Company, 55, Patterson-street, Launceston, on Wednesday, the 8th day of August, 1894.
By Order of the Directors,
ROBERT CARTER, Manager.
Launceston, July 27th, 1894.

ALPINE GOLD QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

NOTICE OF CALL.
I HEREBY give notice that a Call (the 29th) of Sixpence per Share has this day been made on all the Shares in the above Company, and will be due and payable at the Office of the Company, Collins-street, Hobart, on Wednesday, the 9th day of March, 1887.
By Order of the Directors,
A. A. BUTLER.
Hobart, 17th February, 1887.

THE QUEEN OF THE EARTH GOLD MINING COMPANY, NO LIABILITY.

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY MEETING.
NOTICE is hereby given, that an Extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders of the Queen of the Earth Gold Mining Company, No Liability, will be held at the Exchange Room, Collins-street, Hobart, on Tuesday, the 27th day of February, 1894, at 5 o'clock p.m.
BUSINESS:
1. To receive the resignation of the present Board of Directors and Legal Manager.
2. To elect new Officers to the Company, and to make and adopt all necessary alterations to the Rules of the Company.
PETER COUNSEL, Legal Manager.
Mathinna, February 10, 1894.



Striking it rich. The dream of every gold miner.

This small alluvial field, first known as the Brandy Creek Goldfield, became alive in 1877 when the Dally brothers discovered the famous Tasmania Reef. The Tasmania Gold Mine, which virtually dominated the field, closed in 1914. The mine produced over 26½ tonnes of gold (849,913 ounces).

This promising alluvial field quickly became a quartz one. It had its biggest boom period in 1895 when eight new mines were opened. Most of the mines were developed down to 120 metres. Production from the Pinafore, New Native Youth and Volunteer mines was about 172,000 ounces (5,350 kg).

This alluvial field, discovered late in 1878 by the Bessell brothers, was the richest and most important alluvial goldfield in Tasmania. It produced 250,000 ounces of gold (7,775 kg), but some estimates put the yield considerably over that amount.

This old alluvial field, discovered in 1869, was in its early days one of the most important gold producers in Tasmania. It had many periods of activity and depressions, but it was worked by a small number of miners for about 30 years.

Alluvial gold was discovered near Waterhouse in 1869. Several companies erected stamper batteries to treat auriferous quartz, but the gold obtained was negligible. The heavy machinery was brought in by bullock teams from Tomahawk.

The small Warrentina Goldfield was worked from about 1893 to 1900. A considerable amount of alluvial and reef gold was obtained.

The discovery of rich tin oxide by George Renison Bell near Mt. Cameron in 1874 brought a long-lasting mining boom to the North-East. The Briseis Mine, near Derby, named after the racehorse which won the 1876 Melbourne Cup, became well-known in the mining world. Other famous tin mines were the Anchor, Pioneer and Arba mines.

Thousands of ounces of gold were produced as a by-product of alluvial tin mining. The two bucket-dredging companies, the Ringarooma and the Dorset, which worked on flats along the Ringarooma River, recovered large amounts of alluvial gold.

In 1882 numerous reefs were discovered at the western flanks of Mt. Victoria. Early crushings gave poor results and the field lingered on until 1887 when it revived and several stamper batteries crushed quartz with good returns.

The small goldmine at Burns Creek had a few trial crushings but the results were disappointing. The mine was worked early in this century.

In 1884 this great alluvial and quartz goldfield was almost deserted. In 1887 a rich reef was found in an abandoned mine by A. Loane and the district came again into prominence. The New Golden Gate Mine, which was worked to a depth of 580 metres, produced 253,865 ounces of gold (7,895 kg).

After the discovery of gold in Victoria and New South Wales in 1851, some Tasmanians, hoping to find a profitable gold deposit within the State itself, went searching for the precious metal. The first gold strike was made about four miles from Fingal in February, 1852. About 200 men rushed to the area which later became the Mangana Goldfield. But the prospects were disappointing and the diggings were soon abandoned. However, enough gold was found to encourage further prospecting. At first progress was slow. The gold found in the 1850's was of little importance to Tasmania. Only about 850 ounces were found up till 1867. In 1868 rich alluvial gold was discovered at Nine Mile Springs by Samuel Richards of George Town. This field, later named Lefroy, was the first payable goldfield discovered in Tasmania.
No figures pretending to any degree of accuracy can be obtained concerning the output of any goldfield.



Lands and Works Office, Hobart, 11th October, 1881.

MEMORANDUM.
The Commissioners appointed by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, under the Act of Parliament, 26 Vict. No. 6, to hear and determine disputes as to who is or are the discoverer or discoverers of the Gold Field in Tasmania now known by the name of Lefroy, having carefully considered the evidence given before them, have decided, and are unanimously of opinion, that Samuel Richards is the discoverer of the said Gold Field, and is entitled to the Reward of £3000 payable under the provisions of the said Act.

Will the Honorable the Colonial Treasurer be good enough to make provision for the payment of Three thousand Pounds to Samuel Richards, in such manner as he deems expedient?

C. O'REILLY, Minister of Lands and Works.
The Hon. the Colonial Treasurer.

