Reg. Nos. 96 to 102 CLAYS FOR CERAMIC TESTS

by F. C. Gillespie.

SUMMARY

Six materials from Bronte Park and one from Trevallyn have been tested for the Director of Mines, to determine possible uses in the manufacture of ceramic ware. On considerations of colour, fusibility, and locality, it is unlikely that any of the Bronte Park clays could be utilised economically. Three would be sufficiently refractory for use as bond clay in low grade refractories, but materials of at least equivalent grade are fairly readily available, and the demand for such materials is small. The Trevallyn clay, although rather sandy and susceptible to drying cracks, would probably be suitable for brickmaking.

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| | | DI | SCIUI IION |
|-------------|------------------|--|--|
| Reg. No. | Label Outside | Marking In Bag | Material |
| 96 | No. 1 | B.P. No. 1 | Moderately sandy yellow clay with some ironstone gravel. |
| 97 | No. 2 | B.P. No. 4 | Moderately sandy yellow clay with brown staining. |
| 98 | No. 3 | B.P. No. 3 | Moderately sandy yellow clay with some dark quartzite, gravel and plant roots. Several pieces of wood hand picked out. |
| 99 | No. 4 | B.P. No. 2 | Moderately sandy blue clay with yellow and brown staining. |
| 100 | No. 5 | B.P. No. 5 $2\frac{1}{2}/3\frac{1}{2}$ | Moderately sandy light yellow clay with brown staining and some quartz pebbles. |
| 101 | No. 6 | No. 6 $3\frac{1}{2}/4\frac{1}{2}$ | Slightly sandy yellow grey clay with brown staining. |
| 102 | No. 7 | 420 677 123 | Very sandy yellow clay with grey, brown and purple staining. |
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Numbers 96 to 101 stated to have been obtained from Bronte Park, and No. 102 from Pomona Road, Trevallyn.

PREPARATION AND TESTING

All materials were reduced to minus one-eighth of an inch by roll crushing, and water was added to produce sufficient plasticity for the hand moulding of test briquettes. After drying in an oven at 40°C, briquettes were fired at 1050°C for two hours.

Cones for the refractoriness test were prepared from material ground to pass a 100 mesh B.S. seive.

RESULTS: PLASTICITY, DRYING AND FIRING

| Reg. No. | Water of Plasticity | Plasticity | Work- ability | Drying Contrac- tion | Firing Contrac- tion | Ignition Loss % | Fired Colour |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 96 | 21 | Very high | Poor | 91 | 41 51 2 3 | 6.3 | Red |
| 97 | 21 | High | Poor | 10 | 51 | 6.2 | Red |
| 98 | 18 | Fair | Fair | 6 | 2 | 4.4 | Red |
| 99 | 20 | Fairly high | Good | $6\frac{1}{2}$ | | 5.1 | Pinkish Buff |
| 100 | 18 | High | Fair | 61/2 | 0 | 4.7 | Salmon Pink |
| 101 | 20 | Very high | Poor | 8 | 1 | 6.1 | Light Salmon Pink |
| 102 | 20 | Fairly high | Good | 61 | 1 | 5.6 | Light Red |
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Nos. 97 and 102 eracked during drying.

REFRACTORINESS

| Reg. No. | Bloating Temperature | Initial Softening Point | Fusion Point | Segar Cone Equivalent |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 96 | 1,220°C | 1.320°C | 1.340°C | Between 11 and 12 |
| 97 | Did not bloat | 1.340°C | 1.360°C | Between 12 and 13 |
| 98 | Did not bloat | 1,270°C | 1.310°C | Between 10 and 11 |
| 99 | Did not bloat | 1,430°C | 1.490°C | Between 17 and 18 |
| 100 | Did not bloat | 1,420°C | 1.420°C | Between 14 and 15 |
| 101 | Did not bloat | 1.450°C | 1.470°C | Between 16 and 17 |
| 102 | Did not bloat | 1,360°C | 1,450°C | Between 15 and 16 |