

ELECTROLYTIC ZINC COMPANY OF A'ASIA LTD.		DIAMOND DRILL CORE RECORD				HOLE No. <u>MZP 260</u>					
MINERAL RESOURCES DIVISION - TASMANIA						SHEET No. 1.					
PROJECT:	MONTEZUMA J.V. - PART E.L. 15/76	GRID CO-ORDS:	Line 19 at 4,938E	HOLE SIZE:	HQ - 6.0; NQ - 27.0;	Depth (m)	Azimuth (%m.g.)	Dip	Depth (m)	Azimuth (%m.g.)	Dip
LOCALITY:		A.M.G. CO-ORDS:	373,120mE	CASING:	PVC to 140m	50	254	67			
OBJECTIVE:	A short targeting hole to locate the down-dip positions of the Montezuma Fault and top contact of the Maestries Dolomitic Conglomerate prior to deeper drilling of the Renison target at the fault-dolomite intersection.	COLLAR R.L.:	5,363,732mN	COMMENCED:	27th April, 1984	80	255	65.5			
RESULT:	Discouraged further drilling. The Montezuma Fault is very weak & is also displaced 30-40m, indicating the intersection occurs at much greater depth.	COLLAR DIP:	70°	COMPLETED:	2nd May, 1984	119	256	64			
		AZIMUTH:	256° AMG	LOGGED BY:	R.A. Sainty	149	256	64			
DEPTH		ROCK DESCRIPTION				MINERALISATION				CORE REC'D	
From	To									Run	Short
0	140.8	DOONAH FORMATION Laminated black siltstone, minor grey quartzite arenite as interbeds and laminae. Black siltstone has laminae 0.5-1.0 cm thick, is folded uphole, to increasingly shear-brecciated down-hole. Bedding angles to core vary from parallel to high angle over short intervals. Plastic deformation is readily visible in sections below 101m, with entirely granulated siltstone-arenite intervals: 109.8-111.05, 134.4-138.2				23.7-29.6 Weak py(-sp) veinlets and tension-gash infill, 1-3mm wide. Strongest interval is 23.7-25.9 within a shear zone within the siltstone. A vein of brecciated py-sp-gn at 24.25 is 1.5-2.5m wide, at 35° to core. From 25.9-29.6 there is relatively more sp present in un-sheared, un-brecciated siltstone host.					
140.8	149.9	MAESTRIES DOLOMITIC CONGLOMERATE Recrystallised dolomite-matrix supported pebble conglomerate, with intraformational convoluted quartzite arenite 145.5-149.9. Upper contact with black slip-sheared siltstone is sharp, but two interbeds of sheared Donah Fm siltstone occur within the top of the dolomite conglomerate: 141.05-141.10 and 144.95-145.5 The dolomite conglomerate is weakly mineralised with millimetric (replacement) blebs of py, pale sp and lesser gn. There is a possible 1cm angular clast of massive py at 141.25m.				54.1-61.2 Lesser zone of weak py veinlets; these may be in part remobilised from the syngenetic pyrite present in this vicinity.					

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