

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

HOLE NUMBER : FED 22

LOGGED BY : D. Kilpatrick

NWPS

INTERVAL (m)		RECOVERY		DESCRIPTION	FORM	% Sn.											
FROM	TO	m	%			FROM	TO	TOTAL	ACID SOL.	% Cu.	% As.	% S.	% Pb.	% Zn.	% Bi.	gt Ag	% WO ₃
0	3	-	0	No recovery. Mostly sand and tree-roots after site development.													
3	23.5	4.1	20	<p><u>Medium-Course Red Granite</u></p> <p>Fresh core of pink K-feldspar, tabular up to 15mm long often surrounded or rimmed by creamy or greenish creamy plagioclase. Plagioclase grains generally smaller (av. 7mm). Quartz is dark grey up to 15mm diameter. Biotite is fresh disseminated (av. 2-3mm) concentrated at grain boundaries. A number of joint surfaces with rusting and leaching evident, cut the core at 45°-60° to core axis. Fine grained aplite dyke possibly with some perphyritic quartz, between 11.5m - 14.5m - very poor recovery.</p>													
23.5	26.2	0.3	10	<p><u>Medium - Course Granite</u></p> <p>Medium grained core very similar to above except that both feldspars are white or greenish-white. Biotite is present but more altered than above. Probably altered 'Red' Granite.</p>													
26.2	26.5	0.24	80	<p><u>Aplite Dyke</u></p> <p>Quite altered fine grained feldspar quartz rock with no biotite.</p>													
26.5	29.9	1.7	50	<p><u>Strongly Altered Granite</u></p> <p>Medium grained yellow to grey-green core of quartz, altered plagioclase, which has mostly gone to yellow clay minerals, and pink K-feldspar mostly gone to altered creamy feldspar. Some tourmaline nodules and biotite, mostly chloritized are present. Quartz has purplish tint.</p>													
29.9	32.5	2.6	100	<p><u>Broken Zone</u></p> <p>Completely broken zone of weathered medium grained granite with quartz, altered feldspar, chloritised biotite.</p>													
32.5	33.1	0.6	100	<p><u>Weathered Medium-Course Red Granite</u></p> <p>Mostly as described above (29.9-32.5m) pink K-feldspar, and green or yellow plagioclase. More altered horizons within this zone are associated with jointing and slickensides at 35° to core axis. Aplite horizon at 37.3-37.4m - irregular contact.</p>													

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FROM	TO	m	%			FROM	TO	TOTAL	ACID SOL.	% Cu.	% Al.	% S.	% Pb.	% Zn.	% Bl.	g/t Ag	% WO ₃
38.2	38.7	0.5	100	<u>Fine Grained White Granite</u> Mostly creamy yellow feldspar, lesser quartz, minor altered biotite and occasional tourmaline nodules. Sharp contact at 58° to c.e. (upper) 65° (lower).													
38.7	59.5	20.8	100	<u>Porphyritic Medium Grained Granite</u> Grey mostly competent core very similar to above 'Red' granite but quartz and plagioclase are generally medium grained (5mm) Plagioclase is often tabular. The whole K-feldspar averages 15-20mm. Biotite (3-4mm) is mostly fresh. The unit is quite altered at upper 0.7m. Plagioclase has gone to chlorite and clay, biotite has gone to chlorite. Occasional tourmaline nodules. Below this K-feldspars are pink-phenocrysts are often zoned and rimmed by plagioclase and clays. Occasional altered argillised horizons, e.g. 50.3m. Gradational contact.													
59.5	70.6	11.1	100	<u>Medium-Coarse Red Granite</u> Equigranular medium-coarse granite of pinkish potassic feldspar and yellow or greenish-yellow plagioclase and grey quartz, with abundant biotite concentrated at grain boundaries (2-3mm) - slightly altered. Some tourmaline nodules.													
70.6	71.3	0.7	100	<u>Fine Grained White Granite</u> Horizon of fine grained aplite containing feldspar, quartz and chloritised biotite. Porphyritic zone at base contains rounded quartz porphyroblasts up to 7mm diameter. Upper contact has 3cm biotite rich contact zone. Contact undulating.													
71.3	82.7	11.4	100	<u>Medium-coarse Red Granite</u> As described above. (59.5-70.6).													
82.7	86.7	4.0	100	<u>Very Altered Granite</u> Very broken, medium-coarse yellow to gray-green core of quartz, creamy-yellow altered K-feldspar, chloritised biotite and greenish-gray tabular clay grains after (?) plagioclase. More altered quartz and very altered K-feldspar with chloritic grains after biotite.													
86.7	87.4	0.7	100	<u>Medium Grained Partly Altered Granite</u> With pink staining on both feldspars and yellow alteration of some zoned and rimmed feldspars. Chloritised biotite present.													

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INTERVAL (m)		RECOVERY		DESCRIPTION	FORM	% Sn.										
FROM	TO	m	%			FROM	TO	TOTAL	ACID SOL.	% Cu.	% As.	% S.	% Pb.	% Zn.	% Bi.	g/t Ag
87.4	91.6	4.2	100	<p><u>Fine-Grained Granite</u></p> <p>Fine-grained white or pink-stained granite containing feldspar and quartz with minor fine disseminated chloritised biotite, and tourmaline.</p> <p>89.2m - 89.6m - Porphyritic horizon with some fine-grained groundmass but contains rounded quartz (av. 4-6mm) and fewer euhedral altered yellow feldspars (av. 4-6mm)</p> <p>Becomes coarser grained and porphyritic at base 91.4 - 91.6m. Irregular contacts.</p>												
91.6	123.3	31.7	100	<p><u>Medium-coarse Grained Red Granite</u></p> <p>Mostly as above. Fresh biotite, pink K-feldspar, yellowed plagioclase, occasional tourmaline nodules.</p> <p>100.9 - 103.3m; very broken (RQD=0%) and veined zones of similar slightly more argillised granite containing chloritised biotite.</p> <p>122.7 - 122.8m; pyrite bearing greisen vein. Vein of pyrite 4mm wide surrounded by grey-green greisenous material. A second band without pyrite occurs at the lower contact. Both at 70°-80° to core axis.</p>												
123.3	123.7	0.4	100	<p><u>Fine-grained White Granite</u></p> <p>Fine grained competent core of feldspar and quartz with abundant chlorite (?) after biotite, grains up to 3mm. Sharp upper and lower contacts 20° to core axis. A 5mm layer of fine chloritised biotite (av.1mm) occurs at both contacts.</p>												
123.7	129.5	5.8	100	<p><u>Broken Altered Granite</u></p> <p>Mostly broken core. (RQD=40%). Core is variously fresh through to quite altered with alteration and R.Q.D. inversely proportional. Freshest material contains fresh biotite and red feldspar. Chlorite becomes common replacing biotite and plagioclase; and in more altered areas clays, serpentine and chlorite are common.</p>												
129.5	135.0	5.5	100	<p><u>Medium-grained Red Granite</u></p> <p>Mostly fresh equigranular core of grey quartz, pink or creamy white K-feldspar and yellow white or greenish plagioclase with abundant fine biotite at grain boundaries.</p> <p>Occasional horizons of altered material 134.5-134.6m. Moderately distinct contact at</p>												

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019

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FROM	TO	m	%			FROM	TO	TOTAL	ACID SOL.	% Cu.	% As.	% S.	% Pb.	% Zn.	% Bi.	g/t Ag	% WO ₃	
135.0	137.2	2.2	100	<p><u>pegmatite</u></p> <p>Quartz, feldspars, biotite fine to medium grained pegmatite. Grey to off-white banded core with constantly varying grainsize and variously banded fine grained aplitic quartz-feldspar-biotite bands, fine to medium grained quartz-feldspar bands and medium grained quartz-feldspar-biotite bands. Minor pyrite in sinuous discontinuous vein or disseminated. At 136.7m core contains a nodular (?) core of quartz-muscovite-pyrite surrounded by radiating feldspar phenocryst. (3cm wide). Very competent core. Banding and veining occur at 20°-25° to the core axis.</p>														
137.2	162.0	24.7	100	<p><u>Fine-medium Porphyritic Granite</u></p> <p>Grey competent core of fine-medium quartz, white feldspar and lesser fresh biotite with abundant medium-coarse feldspar and lesser quartz phenocrysts. Feldspars are often tabular up to 12mm (av. 5-10mm) and are often zoned or rimmed and weather to yellow. Rare tourmaline nodules. Greisen vein at 139.5m. (30° to core axis). Jointing at 25°-40° to core axis.</p> <p>141.7-142.4m; Slightly altered, broken zone with greisen vein.</p> <p>142.9-143.6m; Fine grained granite horizon - aplite dyke of quartz feldspar muscovite biotite and blebs of (?) sericitised feldspar at base. Greisen vein at upper contact. Sharp, jointed lower contact 25°-30° to core axis.</p> <p>Grey sericitised zones and blebs are common below this dyke and occasional greisen veins e.g. 147.8m, 147.9m, 149.3, -149.4m. Pyrite is rare to minor as disseminated blebs up to 2mm.</p> <p>Below this the porphyritic medium grained granite recurs with numerous blebs of sericitised material containing biotite + (?) quartz (dark grey siliceous material) and enveloping the grains and phenocrysts with only minor effect on the enveloped grains. Pyrite is minor with disseminated blebs up to 4mm diameter but generally 1mm. Biotite is fresh except along joint planes (25-30° to core axis). Core grades to less porphyritic at base except for least 0.3 metre.</p> <p>162.5-162.9m; Dark grey porphyritic horizon - Dark grey ground-mass of very fine biotite and quartz with porphyroblastic tabular feldspar and more rounded quartz up to 10mm (av. 6-8mm). Horizon has irregular contacts.</p>	134	135	0.04		0.01	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.02					0.01
						135	136	0.01		0.01	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.01			0.01	
						136	137	0.01		0.01	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.01			0.01	
						137	138	0.01		0.01	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.01			0.01	

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INTERVAL (m)		RECOVERY		DESCRIPTION	FORM.	% Sn.												
FROM	TO	m	%			FROM	TO	TOTAL	ACID SOL.	% Cu.	% As.	% S.	% Pb.	% Zn.	% Bi.	g/t Ag	% WO ₃	
162.9	207.3	44.4	100	<p><u>Medium - Coarse Grained Granite</u></p> <p>Mostly fresh competent pale grey core of large feldspar aggregates (up to 3cm x 2cm; av. 2x1cm) with interstitial quartz (up to 2x1cm) av. 0.6-1.0cm.</p> <p>Plagioclase is associated with K-feldspar with generally smaller grains (0.4-0.6cm). Biotite (av. 0.1-0.2cm) is usually within the quartz and concentrated at grain boundaries. Pyrite is minor to occasional and up to 4mm (av. 1-2mm) and disseminated.</p> <p>169.3-169.5m; Dark grey medium grained porphyritic horizon - similar to that described above 162.6-162.9m except feldspars have yellow alteration rim.</p> <p>180.3-180.5m; broken, slightly altered zone-yellowed feldspar, biotite present bounded by joint fractures at 25° to core axis.</p> <p>180m - 190m; The zone is generally more altered; yellow to greenish yellow sericitized feldspar and greenish, slightly chloritized biotite. 202mff.; Feldspar have pink tinge.</p> <p>203.7 - 207.3m; Alteration and possible fault zone -</p> <p>203.7 - 203.9m; band of fine dark greenish grey chloritized biotite and fine grained quartz.</p> <p>203.9 - 205.2m; slightly altered, faintly pinkish grey granite, slightly chloritized biotite.</p> <p>205.2 - 206.7m; Brecciated and fractured core of weakly to strongly altered granite as some chloritized biotite and rare pyrite in less altered zones. Occasional greisen bands with sericite muscovite and quartz. Jointing at 65-75° to core axis. RQD=10%.</p> <p>206.7 - 207.3m; less altered yellowed granite with occasional pinkish feldspar. Very gradational contact over 5 metres to.....</p>														
207.3	230.5	23.2	100	<p><u>Coarse Grained (?) Red Granite</u></p> <p>Faintly pink (at contact) to deep reddish pink K-feldspar (av. 15x10mm) greenish plagioclase (av. 5-10mm), grey quartz, (av. 5-10mm) and biotite (av. 1-3mm) usually in quartz at grain boundaries. Occasional slightly porphyritic zones where grey quartz biotite ground mass is dominant and separates the feldspar grains. e.g. 220.4-220.7m;</p> <p>225.0-225.3m; Fine grained sugary pink aplite band at 90° to core axis. with biotite, (?) quartz and feldspar.</p> <p>227.5m - brecciated broken core. (?) Small fault.</p> <p>Hole terminated in coarse red granite at 230.5m</p>														

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