



# DRILL HOLE RECORD

Location Que River Area

Property Mackintosh BL 2/70

District Tasmania, Australia.

Bearing (M) 91°58'

Hole No QR 46

Commenced 28.5.1975

Completed 22.6.1975

% Recovery 99

Grid bearing (M) 8.75

Date 24.6.1975

Objective To test P - Q lens at RL 300 beneath QR's 2 and 7.

Core size NQ to 219, BQ to 611.2 m E.O.H.

Logged C.H. YOUNG

Co-ordinates 7404.1N 4770.7E

Dip 64° 16'

Alt./R.L. 694.46

SURVEY DATA				GRAPH DERIVED DATA			CALCULATED CO-ORDINATES			REMARKS
DEPTH	DIP	BEARING(M)	INSTRUMENT TYPE	DEPTH	DIP	BEARING(M)	NORTHING	EASTING	ALTITUDE	
0	65	90	Clinometer and Tube Compass	0	64.25	92.5	7404.1	4770.7	694.5	
0	64° 16'	91° 58'	Theodolite	25	65	91.5	7405.4	4781.3	671.9	
24	65	98	Eastman	50	65.5	90.5	7406.8	4791.7	649.2	
54	65	94.5	Single Shot	75	65.6	90	7408.3	4802.0	626.5	
80	62.5	94.5	Camera	100	64	88.5	7410.1	4812.5	603.8	
107	62	92.5	" "	125	62.5	89	7412.1	4823.6	581.5	
140	62	93	" "	150	62	89.5	7414.0	4835.0	559.4	
175	61.5	95	" "	175	61.5	90	7415.9	4846.8	537.4	
202	61	94.5	" "	200	61	90	7417.7	4858.7	515.5	
230	60	96	" "	225	60	90	7419.6	4870.8	493.8	
252	59	94.5	" "	250	60.5	90	7421.5	4883.1	472.1	
282	58.5	95.5	" "	275	59	91	7423.3	4895.5	450.5	
312	54	98	" "	300	52	92.5	7425.0	4909.6	429.9	
338	52	100	" "	325	55	94.5	7426.3	4924.4	409.8	
378	50	105	" "	350	53	96.5	7427.2	4939.1	389.6	
408	48	102	" "	375	51	97.5	7427.7	4954.5	369.9	
438	43.5	102.5	" "	400	48.5	97	7428.1	4970.6	350.8	
469	39	105.5	" "	425	45	97.5	7428.5	4987.7	332.6	
496	34	104.5	" "	450	42	99	7428.7	5005.8	315.4	452.7 - 490.85 m Pyritic pyroclastic unit
526	29	106	" "	475	38	100	7428.4	5025.0	299.3	containing irregular veins and bands of
554	22	108.5	" "	500	33.5	100.5	7427.9	5045.2	284.7	massive and semi-massive pyrite with Cpy
584	21.5	121.5	" "	525	29	101.5	7427.0	5066.6	271.8	and minor Sph and Gn. May correlate with
611	16	106	" "	550	25.5	103	7426.2	5089.3	260.3	N lens.
				575	22.5	103	7424.5	5112.0	250.2	
				611.2	16	106	7421.1	5145.8	238.4	611.2 m Hole abandoned as a result of
										caving above broken rod string.







# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing Foliation Fault Fragment - size & shape Vein carbonate quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
Common 5-15%  
Abundant 15-60%  
Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
		Dark green lithic feldspar hornblende crystal tuff agglomerate as above. Fragment outlines are generally obscure. Foliation 30° to core axis. Tension fractures (not abundant) are filled with quartz (often chalcedonic silica) carbonate and rarely sericite.							Pyrite rare as above.
	3.0								
	55								
	3.0	56.8 - 58.3 m Buff-brown in colour, alteration about fault.							
	3.0								
	60								
	3.0								
	65								
	3.0	Below 67 m the fragmental nature of the rock is more obvious.							
	3.0								
	70								
	3.0	72 - 73.5 m Brown-buff in colour, alteration?							
	3.0								
	75								

BROKEN CORE



# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing   
 Foliation Fault   
 Fragment-size & shape Vein carbonate quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
 Common 5-15%  
 Abundant 15-60%  
 Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
	75.0	Solution cavities and small quartz veins.							Pyrite rare as above.
3.0	76.7	<u>Fault zone</u> Partly weathered and broken.	BROKEN CORE						
	78.5								
3.0	80	78.5 - 84.3 m The rock is heavily carbonated, recemented breccia and fracture zone.							
3.0									
3.0	85	Below 84.3 m fragments are angular to sub-rounded up to 10 cm.							
3.0									
3.0	90								
3.0	90.5	<u>Fault zone</u> Deeply weathered rusty brown in colour. Pug and broken core. Recemented breccia and quartz veins.	BROKEN CORE						
3.0	95								
	96.0								
3.0		Below 96 m lithic fragments now include buff coloured dacitic lava characterised by sericite aggregates after feldspar phenocrysts in a fine grained siliceous groundmass.							
	100								



# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

**Feature :**

Bedding  
Foliation  
Fragment -  
size & shape



Shearing  
Fault  
Vein



c carbonate  
q quartz

**Mineralization :**

Trace 1-5%  
Common 5-15%  
Abundant 15-60%  
Massive >=60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
	3.0	DP as above.							Pyrite rare as above.
	3.0	The rock is often massive with the appearance of a porphyritic lava. Fragments may be the result of auto-brecciation. Pink-buff colouration is not uncommon.							
	3.0	The rock is hard, reasonably competent lengths up to 80 cm are unbroken.							
	105	Fractures at 5°, 20° and 60° to core axis, often chlorite lined.							
	3.0	Fine carbonate/chlorite stringers average width 3 mm have been noted below 110 m.							
	2.0								
	110								
	1.0								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	115								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	120								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	125								



# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing Foliation Fault Fragment - size & shape Vein carbonate quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
Common 5-15%  
Abundant 15-60%  
Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
		DP as above.							Pyrite rare as above.
	3.0	Relatively massive lava? down to 135.5 m.							
	3.0								
	3.0								
	135								
	135.5								
	3.0	The rock is now fragmental, tuff-agglomerate. Pink sub-rounded dacitic lava and green chloritised lithic fragments in a "gritty" matrix.							
	3.0								
	3.0								
	140								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	145								
	145.6								
	3.0	"White spotted" green lithic tuff agglomerate. Pink - buff coloured fragments are no longer common. Lithic fragments are irregular in outline, chloritic and contain carbonate aggregates to 5 mm after feldspar phenocrysts and small green chlorite flecks after hornblende? Rounded carbonate aggregates may be amygdules.							
	3.0								
	150								



# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing   
 Foliation Fault   
 Fragment - size & shape Vein carbonate  
 quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
 Common 5-15%  
 Abundant 15-60%  
 Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
	3.0	The matrix is generally siliceous and is texturally and compositionally similar to the fragments.							Pyrite rare as above.
	3.0	153.5 - 155.5 m Pink dacitic lava fragments generally less than 1 cm are common.							
	3.0	Below 155.5 m the rock is uniformly silicified lithic feldspar hornblende crystal tuff agglomerate. Grey-green in colour with fragments and matrix of similar texture and composition, fragment outlines are often obscure.							
	3.0	Rounded carbonate aggregates, amydgules? are common.							
	3.0								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	3.0	169.3 m Massive chlorite over 3 cm associated with vein quartz.							
	3.0								



# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

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Feature : Bedding Shearing   
 Foliation Fault   
 Fragment-size & shape Vein carbonate  
 quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
 Common 5-15%  
 Abundant 15-60%  
 Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
	3.0	<p>The rock is competent and largely unbroken.</p> <p>Fractures at 10°, 20° and 30° to core axis.</p>						<p>Pyrite rare as above.</p>	
	3.0								
	180								
	3.0								
	185								
	3.0								
	190								
	3.0								
	195								
	3.0								
	200								









# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

**Feature :**Bedding  
Foliation  
Fragment -  
size & shapeShearing  
Fault  
Veinc carbonate  
q quartz**Mineralization :**Trace 1-5%  
Common 5-15%  
Abundant 15-60%  
Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
		DP as above.							Pyrite rare as above.
	3.0								
	3.0	280							
		Below 281.5 m the rock is pale green in colour due to increased carbonate alteration and or decreased chlorite.							
	3.0	Fragments are irregular to sub-rounded occasionally to 6 cm.							
	3.0	285							
	3.0								
	3.0	289.2 m Pale green epidote associated with minor quartz-carbonate vein.							
	3.0	290							
	3.0								
	3.0	295							
	3.0								
	3.0	300							



# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing   
 Foliation Fault   
 Fragment - size & shape Vein c carbonate  
 q quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
 Common 5-15%  
 Abundant 15-60%  
 Massive X 60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
		DP as above.							Pyrite rare as above.
	3.0								
	3.0								
	305								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	310	309.5 - 317 m Pale green to buff in colour.							
	3.0								
	3.0								
	315								
	3.0								
	3.0								
	320	Below 317 m the rock uniformly grey-green in colour, fragments up to 10 cm are irregular to sub-rounded.							
	3.0								
	3.0								
	325								







# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing Foliation Fault Fragment-size & shape Vein carbonate quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
Common 5-15%  
Abundant 15-60%  
Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
		DP as above.							Pyrite rare as above.
	3.0	375 m Bedding or foliation at 30° to core axis.							
	3.0	380							
	3.0								
	3.0	385							
	3.0								
	3.0	390 Below 390 m, carbonate to 4 mm commonly lines fractures at 40° - 60° to core axis.							
	3.0								
	3.0	395							
	3.0								
	3.0								
	3.0	400							





# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing Fault Vein Fragment - size & shape carbonate quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
Common 5-15%  
Abundant 15-60%  
Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
		D.P. as above.							Pyrite 1% as above.
	3.05								
	430								
	3.05								
		Below 432 m the rock is weakly sheared at 30° - 40° to core axis, fragment outlines are obscure.							
	3.05								
	435								
	3.05								
		Below 441 m the rock becomes increasingly sheared and carbonated.							
	3.05								
	440								
	3.05								
	443.3	DTL? Sheared at 50° - 60° to core axis and heavily carbonated over 1 m.							443.3 Pyrite 3%-5% as disseminations of euhedral crystals to 1 mm and as irregular veins and aggregates.
	445	Grey-buff carbonated <u>feldspar crystal tuff</u> (lava?). Pale green sericite aggregates stretched by shearing to 3 mm (some euhedral outlines have been noted) represent feldspar. Olive green streaks of sericite after altered fragments? are randomly distributed.							
	3.05								
		The matrix or groundmass? is carbonated buff-grey in colour and is siliceous.							447.1 5 cm Pyrite 40%.
	3.05								
	450	Small aggregates of green illite-hydromuscovite have been noted. Below 447.4 m the rock is partly disrupted, fragmental? or brecciated.							



# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing   
 Foliation Fault   
 Fragment - size & shape Vein carbonate  
 quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
 Common 5-15%  
 Abundant 15-60%  
 Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
	450.5	PyP Fault Contact							Pyrite 3%-5% as above.
	3.05	<u>Fault zone</u> Pug, breccia, sheared and broken core 50° to core axis.							
	452.7	Grey sericitised carbonated coarse lithic tuff.						452.7	Pyrite 5%-10%, 40% where indicated as disseminations aggregates irregular veins and networks of fine subhedral to euhedral crystals to 4 mm.
	3.05	Down to 462 m the rock is sheared at 40° to core axis and generally disrupted. Fragment outlines are obscure. Fragments of feldspar crystal tuff, where pale green sericite replaces feldspar have been noted. (Porphyritic lava?).							
	3.05	The matrix is fine grained and siliceous partly sericitised and carbonated.						458.7	Py 30%, Cpy 30%, recrystallised Gn 10%, grey
	460							459.2	Sph 5% as a vein or band at 50° to core axis.
	3.05							460.2	Py 10%-20%.
	460							460.6	Py 60% euhedral crystals up to 5 mm rare Sph, Gn.
	3.05							461.5	Py 50% as aggregates and veins subhedral to euhedral crystals to 3 mm.
	3.05	Below 462 m the rock is less sheared and disrupted, fragments are irregular to sub-rounded to 4 cm, consisting mainly of dacitic lava as described above, fine grey tuff and recrystallised chert have been noted.							Py 5%-10%, 40% where indicated, as above.
	465	The matrix is light grey and siliceous.							
	3.05	There is a fragment alignment or bedding at 40° to core axis.							
	3.05							468.7	Py 60% as disseminations, irregular veins and aggregates trace Sph, Gn.
	470	469.7 m Fault, 30 cm of sheared and carbonate striated core.						469.8	Py 5%-10% as disseminations irregular veins and aggregates.
	3.05								
	471.6							471.6	Py 3%-5% as above.
	3.05	The rock is no longer obviously fragmental. Carbonated locally chloritic lithic feldspar crystal tuff or lava?							
	475	Feldspar is represented by green chlorite-sericite aggregates to 3 mm. Irregular patches of chlorite to 1 cm may represent lithic fragments.						474.7	15 cm Py 10%, Sph 5%, Gn 3% in a chlorite rich band.





# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing   
 Foliation Fault   
 Fragment-size & shape Vein carbonate  
 quartz

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
 Common 5-15%  
 Abundant 15-60%  
 Massive >60%

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
N/C		Fault zone as above. The rock may represent sheared and pyritised DTL.							Pyrite 1%-2% as above.
	1.15	Carbonated below 501.6 m.							
	503.1	Green DTL as above.						503.1	Py < 1% as fine discrete euhedral crystals.
	3.05	PyP Grey coarse lithic tuff. Mixed fragment types as below 480 m.						504.0	Py 3%-5% as disseminations and aggregates.
	504							505.0	Py 3% as disseminations and aggregates of fine subhedral to euhedral crystals.
	505	Grey-green feldspar crystal tuff band.							
	505.45	Fault zone Pug, sheared and broken core.							
	3.05								
	507.4	The rock below the fault zone is sheared and disrupted somewhat similar to DTL.							
		Pale green chlorite-sericite aggregates after feldspar in a grey siliceous matrix.							
	3.05								
	510								
	512.2	Fault zone Pug, sheared and broken core 50° to core axis.							
	3.05	DTL Fault Contact.							
		Green partly chloritic feldspar crystal lithic tuff lava. Feldspar crystals are represented by elongate pale green chlorite-sericite aggregates to 3 mm.							
	515								
	2.3	Fault zone Sheared and broken core, partly recemented with carbonate, 20° to core axis.							
	515.5								
	516.7	Small < 5 mm irregular carbonate-chlorite rich aggregates are thought to represent lithic fragments.						517.6	Pyrite 1%-2% as disseminations, irregular veins and aggregates.
	3.1	Fault zone Minor pug, mainly fractured and broken core. 30° - 50° to core axis.							
	518.3								
	520								
	3.1	The groundmass (matrix) is fine grained pale green and siliceous. Occasional ovoid carbonate aggregates may be amygdules.							
	520.4								
		Weak foliation 40° to core axis.							
		Fractures 30° - 50° to core axis.							
	3.1								
	525								









# DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Feature : Bedding Shearing Fault Vein Fragment - size & shape

Mineralization : Trace 1-5%  
Common 5-15%  
Abundant 15-60%  
Massive >60%

c carbonate  
q quartz

CORE REC'D	DEPTH m	GEOLOGY	VISUAL LOG	TRACE	COMMON	ABUNDANT	MASSIVE	DEPTH m	MINERALIZATION
		DTL as above.							Pyrite 5% as above.
3.05	601	PyP Sheared and disrupted down to 604 m light grey sericitised and carbonated, locally chloritic lithic tuff.						601	Pyrite 5%-10% as disseminations, fine irregular veins and aggregates of subhedral to euhedral crystals.
	3.0	Lithic fragments, where not obscured by shearing and sericitisation are up to 2 cm, have irregular outlines and appear to consist of dacitic lava.							
	605	The matrix is light grey, fine grained and siliceous.						604.8	Pyrite 5%-10% as above 20% where indicated with associated sphalerite and galena aggregates, trace overall.
	3.0	Foliation 60° - 70° to core axis.							
	608	Gradational Contact.							
		Grey to buff vitric feldspar crystal tuff.						608.75	5 cm secondary Cpy 2% Py 20% and carbonate.
	3.0	Feldspar crystals are randomly distributed and are represented by irregular sericite aggregates to 3 mm.						609	20 cm Cpy 2% Py 20%.
	610	E.O.H. Grey irregular quartz aggregates are thought to represent devitrified shards, hence vitric.						609.5	Py 3%-5% as disseminations and aggregates of fine subhedral to euhedral crystals.
		The matrix is fine grained and siliceous.							
		Foliation 60° to core axis.							
	615	Hole abandoned at 611.2 m as a result of caving above broken rod string.							
		Daughter hole QR46W taken off wedge set at <del>436</del> m. <u>422.4 m (Bottom)</u>							