

COMPANY: Pacific-Nevada
PROJECT: North Butler
HOLE NUMBER: NB 002

Commenced:	01 December 99
Completed:	10 December 99
Logged By:	L.A.Newnham
Drilled By:	DDT

Purpose of Hole
to test a strong coincident IP and geochemical anomaly in a sequence of sediments and volcanics adjacent to a major NE trending structure cutting the Cape Sorell Peninsula;

Comments on Completion
drill hole intersected a sequence of mafic volcanics overlying a sequence of pyritic sediments including strongly pyritic and graphitic black shales; the only gold of any significance was a 3.0 m section of pyritic siltstones from 218.0-221.0 m., which assayed 0.1 g/t Au;

Collar Details

Grid	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Dip	Bearing
AMG	5307670	364180	2105	-50	0

Length (m)
262.5

Hole Size	
To (m)	Size
3	HW
101.3	HQ
262.5	NQ

Significant Core Loss Zones		
From	To	%Rec.
several	zones	
		see log

Hole Condition on Completion
all casing and rods removed from hole

Summary of Results:

Depth		Recovery	Description	Assays					
From	To	%		Length	ppm Au	Cu	Pb	Zn	%S
218.0	221.0	100	pyritic siltstone-sandstone	3.0	0.10	204	61	27	>10

DOWN HOLE SURVEY DATA

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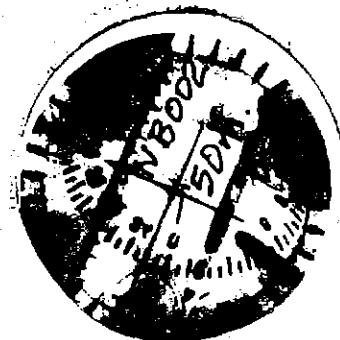
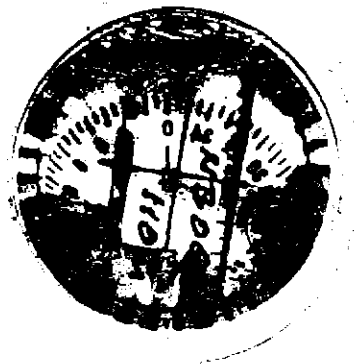
Depth (m)	Dip	Bearing (AMG)	Interval		Length (D)	Vertical Distance		Horizontal Distance		Co-ordinates			
			From	To		D.sin dip	R.L.	D. cos dip (HD)	Cumulative HD	N. distance HD. cos brg.	N. co-ordinate	E. distance HD. sin brg.	E. co-ordinate
COLLAR	-50	0					2105.00		0.00		5,307,670.0		364,180.0
0	-50	0	0	25	25	19.15	2085.85	16.07	16.07	16.07	5,307,686.1	0.00	364,180.0
50	-49	2	25	80	55	41.51	2044.34	36.08	52.15	36.06	5,307,722.1	1.26	364,181.3
110	-48	3	80	132	52	38.64	2005.70	34.79	86.95	34.75	5,307,756.9	1.82	364,183.1
154	-48	3	132	181	49	36.41	1969.28	32.79	119.74	32.74	5,307,789.6	1.72	364,184.8
208	-47	8	181	229	48	35.10	1934.18	32.74	152.47	32.42	5,307,822.0	4.56	364,189.4
250	-47	11	229	256.25	27.25	19.93	1914.25	18.58	171.06	18.24	5,307,840.3	3.55	364,192.9
262.5	-47	7	256.25	262.5	6.25	4.57	1909.68	4.26	175.32	4.23	5,307,844.5	0.52	364,193.4
262.5													



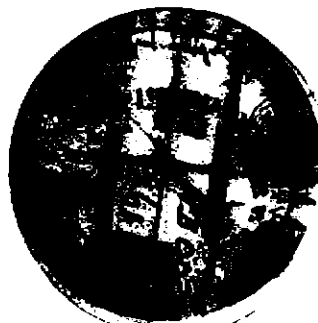
208m
 read as -47/008



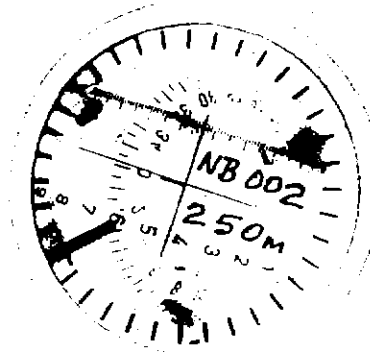
154m.
 read as -48/003



*Films of poor quality
 but originals readable.*



261m.
 read as -47/007



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Description		Core Recovery			RQD			Assays								
From	To		From	To	%	From	To	%	From	To	Au ppb	Cu ppb	Pb	Zn	As	% S
0.0	3.0	HW tricone, no core;	0.0	3.0	0											
3.0	19.4	DOLERITE or GABBRO: very weathered light brown-green medium grained gabbro or dolerite; core very broken and weathers with some core loss in clayey sections;	3.0	4.6	95				5.0	6.0	1	92	30	153	<5	<0.1
			4.6	7.6	100											
			7.6	10.6	70				8.0	9.0	<1	83	31	163	<5	<0.1
			10.6	12.1	90											
			12.1	13.0	75				13.0	14.0	<1	30	27	220	<5	<0.1
19.4	31.0	CATACLASITE (fault breccia ?): possibly a major brittle (near surface) fault zone; clast sizes highly variable from granule through to boulder size; generally angular and less commonly sub-rounded; clast types fine grained sandstone and possibly amagdaloidal basalts;	13.0	15.8	60											
			15.8	17.0	90				19.0	20.0	<1	151	16	129	<5	<0.1
			17.0	19.4	100											
			19.4	20.6	100				23.0	24.0	<1	132	19	60	<5	<0.1
			20.6	23.6	95											
			23.6	25.6	90				28.0	29.0	1	84	16	64	<5	<0.1
			25.6	27.1	85											
31.0	47.0	BASALTIC COBBLE BRECCIA: variable sized clasts of amagdaloidal basalt and siliceous basaltic (?) clasts set in dark fine grained groundmass; clasts angular to sub rounded; base of weathering approx. 32 m;	27.1	27.9	80				32.0	33.0	<1	<5	13	61	<5	<0.1
			27.9	28.6	95											
			28.6	29.1	90				35.0	36.0	<1	82	18	64	<5	<0.1
			29.1	29.6	50											
			29.6	31.2	100				38.0	39.0	<1	94	14	68	<5	<0.1
									41.0	42.0	2	225	14	63	<5	<0.1
47.0	69.0	VOLCANICLASTIC SANDSTONE and GRANULAR BRECCIA INTERBEDS: distal volcaniclastic (basaltic) sandstone and lithic sandstone; interbedded polymictic breccias; below 53.5 m: general increase in volcaniclastic siltstone and sandstone component; BCA 70; minor pyrite often rimming lithic fragments and as selvages along thin carbonate veins; graded bedding suggests facing up hole; below 63.3 m: volcanic component decreases; light brown-gray well bedded siltstone and sandstone; small displacement of beds along microfaults and joint sets; core moderately competent to 62.5 m., then very broken to 66.3 m; BCA 65-70;	31.2	32.7	60											
			32.7	47.0	100				44.0	45.0	<1	46	20	90	<5	<0.1
			47.0	69.0	100				47.0	48.0	4	111	17	90	<5	0.2
									50.0	51.0	2	90	19	84	<5	0.2
									54.0	55.0	4	106	14	102	<5	<0.1
									57.0	58.0	3	67	14	77	<5	<0.1
									60.0	61.0	6	105	15	84	<5	<0.1
									63.0	64.0	<1	74	11	92	<5	<0.1
									66.0	67.0	1	112	15	102	<5	<0.1

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Description		Core Recovery			RQD			Assays									
From	To		From	To	%	From	To	%	From	To	Au ppb	Cu ppm	Pb	Zn	As	% S	
69.0	77.2	GABBRO, minor basalt: dark gray medium grained gabbroic rock with minor basaltic lava component from 69.0-70.0 m;	69.0	77.2	100				69.0	70.0	3	129	22	94	<5	0.4	
									73.0	74.0	<1	118	20	123	<5	0.1	
									75.0	77.0	<1	82	19	137	10	0.3	
77.2	82.2	VOLCANICLASTIC SEDIMENTS: finely bedded light gray volcanoclastic siltstone with increasing component of dark gray siltstone towards base; BCA 80-85; 2-3% pyrite as finely disseminated grains, especially in shaley beds and infilling fine joints and fractures, and within thin irregular puggy seams cross-cutting bedding; core moderately competent but still strongly fractured parallel to bedding; principal joint sets 30 and 45 CA;	77.2	82.2	100				79.0	80.0	3	56	12	93	7	0.1	
									81.0	82.2	<1	21	18	56	6	1.1	
82.2	103.1	GABBRO: coarse-medium grained dark gray gabbro; bleached to lighter color in parts; altered /?weathered with pervasive development of green sericite-talc; 1-20 mm. soft carbonate veins common; several generations from 10°-70° CA; vague banding or layering in gabbro 75° CA; disseminated pyrite common in upper half of unit, decreasing down hole; occasionally concentrated along margins of carbonate veins; some red staining (? hematite) also associated with veins; core moderately competent; most fracturing along carbonate veins; reduced to NQ at 101.3 m;	82.2	103.5	100				82.2	84.0	<1	113	21	110	<5	0.4	
									85.0	86.0	<1	101	23	207	<5	0.4	
									87.0	88.0	<1	211	23	155	<5	0.1	
									89.0	90.0	<1	265	28	98	6	0.2	
									91.0	92.0	<1	154	24	300	<5	<0.1	
									94.0	95.0	<1	107	24	235	<5	<0.1	
									97.0	98.0	3	7	15	31	<5	<0.1	
									100.0	101.0	<1	103	17	125	<5	<0.1	
			103.5	104.2	70												
			104.2	104.8	60				102.0	103.5	1	47	16	58	<5	0.1	
			104.8	105.7	65												
			105.7	106.3	85				107.0	108.0	<1	106	23	155	<5	<0.1	
			106.3	107.8	100												
			107.8	109.0	95				110.0	111.4	<1	105	18	83	<5	<0.1	
			109.0	110.2	90												
103.1	111.4	FAULT ZONE: very broken zone of mixed quartzite, gabbro, breccias, pug and rubble; Interpreted as significant fault zone, but could also be brecciated margin of gabbro dyke; 103.1-106.3 m: breccia, pug and quartzite rubble;	110.2	111.4	100												

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From	To		From	To	%	From	To	%	From	To	Au ppb	Cu ppm	Pb	Zn	As	% S
103.1	111.4	106.3-111.4 m: gabbro, rubble, pug, minor quartzite:														
continued.....																
111.4	133.5	PYRITIC CALCAREOUS SILTSTONE, CARBONACEOUS SHALE, LIMESTONE: interbedded buff brown calcareous siltstone, light gray limestone and carbonaceous shales; abundant carbonate veining; pyritic; 111.4-112.7 m: medium-light gray calcareous siltstone; several thin carbonate veins; pyritic; broken; 112.7-113.7 m: black carbonaceous pug and brecciated material; abundant fine pyrite; significant core loss; 113.7-120.9 m: well bedded light buff brown calcareous siltstone; 117.0 m: 100 mm carbonaceous shale band; BCA 60°; carbonate and quartz-carbonate veining common as thin veins or partings parallel bedding and discordant veins 1-10 mm wide at random angles to bedding; 3-5% pyrite, locally more abundant; generally associated with carbonate veins as heavily disseminated concordant seams, selvages and coarse clots and aggregates; core moderately competent; most fracturing parallel to bedding; 120.9-121.5 m: dark gray calcareous siltstone, with white carbonate spots; 1-5 mm white carbonate veins common; 2-3% disseminated pyrite; 121.5-124.1 m: buff colored pyritic calcareous sediments as for 113.7 m; broken; 124.1-125.0 m: black carbonaceous shale with abundant pyrite as fine disseminations and large ovoid clots near HW and 20 mm. semi-massive to massive seam near FW; 125.0-133.5 m: dark gray limy siltstone or silty limestone; stylolitic; white calcite as abundant veins and large crystalline masses; 2-3% pyrite disseminated in limestone but principally concentrated along fractures and	111.4	112.5	90				114.0	116.0	3	<5	<10	16	<5	1.27
			112.5	112.7	100				116.0	117.0	2	<5	<10	13	<5	1.77
			112.7	112.9	50											
			112.9	113.3	50				118.0	120.0	4	<5	<10	15	<5	0.9
			113.3	115.5	100											
			115.5	116.3	90				122.0	124.1	1	9	<10	19	<5	1.1
			116.3	133.5	100				124.1	125.0	163	75	19	26	74	13.2
									127.5	129.0	3	<5	<10	7	<5	0.5
									132.0	133.0	2	6	<10	11	6	0.7

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Description		Core Recovery			RQD			Assays										
From	To				From	To	%	From	To	%	From	To	Au ppb	Cu ppm	Pb	Zn	As	% S
111.4 continued.....	133.5	stylolitic surfaces and carbonate vein margins; core moderately competent but some sections very broken along several joint sets; grades into unit below.....																
133.5	145.4	BLACK PYRITIC CARBONACEOUS SHALE:																
		black carbonaceous shale;																
		BCA 60-70°;																
		1-10 mm. carbonate and quartz-carbonate veins common; often convoluted;																
		5-7% pyrite as seams parallel to bedding, finely disseminated throughout and associated with carbonate veins;																
		140.5-143.0 m; more abundant (10%)																
		142.7-143.3 m: pyrite semi massive-massive; core very broken along graphitic bedding planes and several joint sets;																
		143.7-145.0 m: black pyritic pug with some core loss;																
145.4	151.1	CALCAREOUS SILTSTONE or SILTY LIMESTONE:																
		light gray fine grained calcareous siltstone with abundant thin carbonate veins;																
		2-3% pyrite disseminated and associated with carbonate veins;																
		similar to 125.0 m.....																
		core extremely broken, little more than rubble;																
151.1	187.3	BLACK PYRITIC CARBONACEOUS SHALE:																
		black graphitic strongly carbonaceous shale with occasional thin silty band;																
		1-5 mm carbonate veining common, occasionally up to 200 mm.																
		BCA generally 40-50°;																
		3-5% pyrite common, often 5-10%, as finely disseminated grains in shale; associated with carbonate veins, almost totally replacing the carbonate component as thin contorted semi-massive veins;																
		core extremely soft and very broken along																

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Description		Core Recovery			RQD			Assays									
From	To		From	To	%	From	To	%	From	To	Au ppb	Cu ppm	Pb	Zn	As	% S	
151.1	187.3	graphitic bedding planes and joint surfaces; occasionally reduced to pug and rubble;	177.9	179.6	100				181.0	182.0	65	62	25	37	<5	6.3	
continued.....			179.6	179.9	50												
187.3	211.4	CALCAREOUS SILTSTONE, calcite veined and pyritic: dark gray medium grained calcareous siltstone; narrow carbonaceous shale bands in places; white calcite abundant as anastomosing fine 1-2 mm veins infilling fractures, and as larger masses and veins to 20 mm; 205.3 m: 600 mm vein calcite and 206.4 m., 200 mm. vein; below 207.8 m: calcite veining abundant, constituting 20-30% of core; 3-5% pyrite as fine pervasive disseminated grains and larger aggregates; also concentrated along fractures and within carbonate veins; below 210.0 m: pyrite abundant, 5-10%, as veins, fracture infillings and large clots; BCA difficult to determine, but common fine fractures 50° CA, possibly parallel to bedding; ground conditions vary from moderately competent to rubble; strongly fractured along carbonate veins and graphitic surfaces;	179.9	181.3	85				184.0	185.0	43	71	20	33	<5	5.5	
			181.3	182.8	70												
			182.8	183.2	75				188.0	189.0	10	7	<10	<5	55	0.6	
			183.2	183.9	50												
			183.9	184.6	60				191.0	192.0	13	<5	<10	<5	25	0.4	
			184.6	185.7	100												
			185.7	186.5	75				194.0	195.0	8	<5	<10	<5	21	0.4	
			186.5	187.3	50												
			187.3	207.9	100				197.0	198.0	6	6	<10	<5	15	0.7	
			207.9	209.7	80				200.0	201.0	5	7	<10	<5	19	0.4	
			209.7	210.8	100												
			210.8	211.4	66				203.0	204.0	4	<5	<10	<5	18	0.4	
									205.0	206.0	4	<5	<10	<5	24	0.4	
									208.0	209.0	4	<5	<10	<5	9	0.6	
								209.0	210.0	9	24	18	10	9	3.3		
								210.0	211.0	36	89	56	7	27	10.3		
211.4	211.8	FAULT ??: unit above juxtaposed against unit below along a very sharp structure sub-parallel to CA; 20-30% pyrite in units either side of structure;	211.4	211.8	100				211.0	212.0	37	108	54	7	18	15.6	
211.8	222.2	SILTSTONE-SANDSTONE, fissile and pyritic: light-dark gray siltstone, highly fissile; weakly calcareous cement; BCA 30°; white calcite as minor veins and irregular masses; pyrite abundant, often 20-30%, as 10-50 mm seams parallel to bedding, disseminated in	211.8	222.2	100				212.0	213.0	72	176	82	13	22	20.2	
								213.0	214.0	10	34	17	33	<5	4.3		
								214.0	215.0	19	80	31	11	7	11.2		
								215.0	216.0	31	168	62	15	13	18.2		
								216.0	217.0	12	103	26	17	<5	6.3		
								217.0	218.0	18	71	34	27	<5	7.5		
								218.0	219.0	65	114	52	26	<5	>10		
								219.0	220.0	91	266	78	31	31	>10		
								220.0	221.0	118	234	52	23	26	>10		
								221.0	222.0	80	45	26	17	<5	6.9		

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Description		Core Recovery			RQD			Assays								
From	To		From	To	%	From	To	%	From	To	Au ppb	Cu ppm	Pb	Zn	As	% S
211.8 continued.....	222.2	matrix of sandy-gritty sections and abundant finely disseminated in more carbonaceous sections; core very broken as thin slithers along bedding plane fractures;														
222.2	222.3	FAULT ??: narrow light gray siliceous breccia; sharp contact with unit above; unobserved contact with unit below;														
222.3	239.6	CALCAREOUS and PYRITIC SILTSTONE, minor carbonaceous shale: dark-light gray siltstone with siliceous bands in places; significant fine grained calcareous component; 222.3-224.3 m: very broken black carbonaceous and pyritic siltstone; 224.3-229.4 m: well bedded siltstone; BCA 70°; 1-10 mm carbonate veins common, especially near top of unit; 5-10% pyrite mainly in massive and semi-massive bedding conformable seams and to a lesser extent associated with carbonate veins; 229.4-231.2 m: similar to unit above but several 100-200 mm siliceous bands with quartz filled tension gashes and veining; (some of these siliceous segregations have appearance of fossil shell sections???, parallel to CA, that is, perpendicular to bedding); 3-5% pyrite as thin contorted seams infilling irregular fractures, as large clots of finely disseminated pyrite; gradational with.... 231.2-239.6 m: similar to 224.3 m., but less carbonate veining; BCA 70°; 5-10% pyrite, principally as bedding parallel seams 1-5 mm wide; overall, core moderately competent; most fractures parallel to bedding;	222.2	223.0	100				222.0	223.0	21	37	<10	20	<5	5.3
			223.0	223.5	75											
			223.5	223.9	50				224.0	225.0	32	78	38	19	12	8.7
			223.9	232.7	100				225.0	226.0	7	22	<10	20	16	2.1
			232.7	233.5	40				226.0	227.0	22	60	<10	23	<5	7.7
			233.5	239.6	100											
									229.0	230.0	7	19	<10	17	<5	4.3
									231.0	232.0	4	8	<10	49	<5	2.1
									234.0	235.0	4	39	<10	<5	<5	3.5
									235.0	236.0	8	94	<10	10	<5	6.4
									237.0	238.0	10	23	<10	11	<5	2.9

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Description		Core Recovery			RQD			Assays									
From	To		From	To	%	From	To	%	From	To	Au ppb	Cu ppm	Pb	Zn	As	% S	
.239.6	259.6	BLACK SHALES, carbonaceous and pyritic: black highly carbonaceous and graphitic and pyritic shales with occasional thin calcareous siltstone and sandstone interbeds; conformable with unit above; BCA 65-70°; carbonate common as thin irregular veins; 254.0-255.9 m: light brown sandy bed; below 255.9 m: bedding flattens to 20-30° CA; 3-5% pyrite, principally as very fine pervasive disseminations in shales, and to a lesser extent as thin seams along carbonate filled fractures and veins; core is very broken, especially in more graphitic sections; most fracturing along bedding planes;	239.6	242.0	100				240.0	241.0	14	24	<10	6	17	2.3	
			242.0	243.0	70				241.0	242.0	21	69	<10	30	19	2.4	
			243.0	244.9	95												
			244.9	245.8	45				244.0	245.0	30	37	<10	23	<5	2	
			245.8	250.3	100												
			250.3	251.0	50				246.0	247.0	11	22	<10	30	11	1.3	
			251.0	251.8	90												
			251.8	252.9	90				248.0	249.0	27	35	<10	21	<5	2	
			252.9	258.8	100												
			258.8	259.4	65				250.0	251.0	12	23	<10	15	<5	1.7	
									251.0	252.0	16	8	<10	10	<5	0.7	
						252.0	253.0	21	20	<10	24	<5	1.9				
									255.0	256.0	11	21	<10	28	<5	3.6	
									258.0	259.0	68	19	<10	22	<5	3.9	
259.6	261.8	FAULT ZONE ??? dark gray-black breccia and pug zone; clastic fragments of quartz, sandstone, shale set in very soft carbonaceous black clay/pug; some quartz veining near base; abundant pyrite as fine-coarse grains, aggregates and thin veinlets; core very soft and broken;	259.4	260.6	100				259.5	261.0	46	23	<10	22	<5	5.1	
			260.6	262.0	45				261.0	262.5	20	40	<10	23	<5	3.8	
261.8	262.5	PYRITIC SANDSTONE and GRIT: dark gray speckled sandstone-grit; BCA 70°; <1 mm. carbonate veins common; 3-5% pyrite as disseminated grains and thin stringers; core very broken;	262.0	262.5	100												
		END OF HOLE															

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