

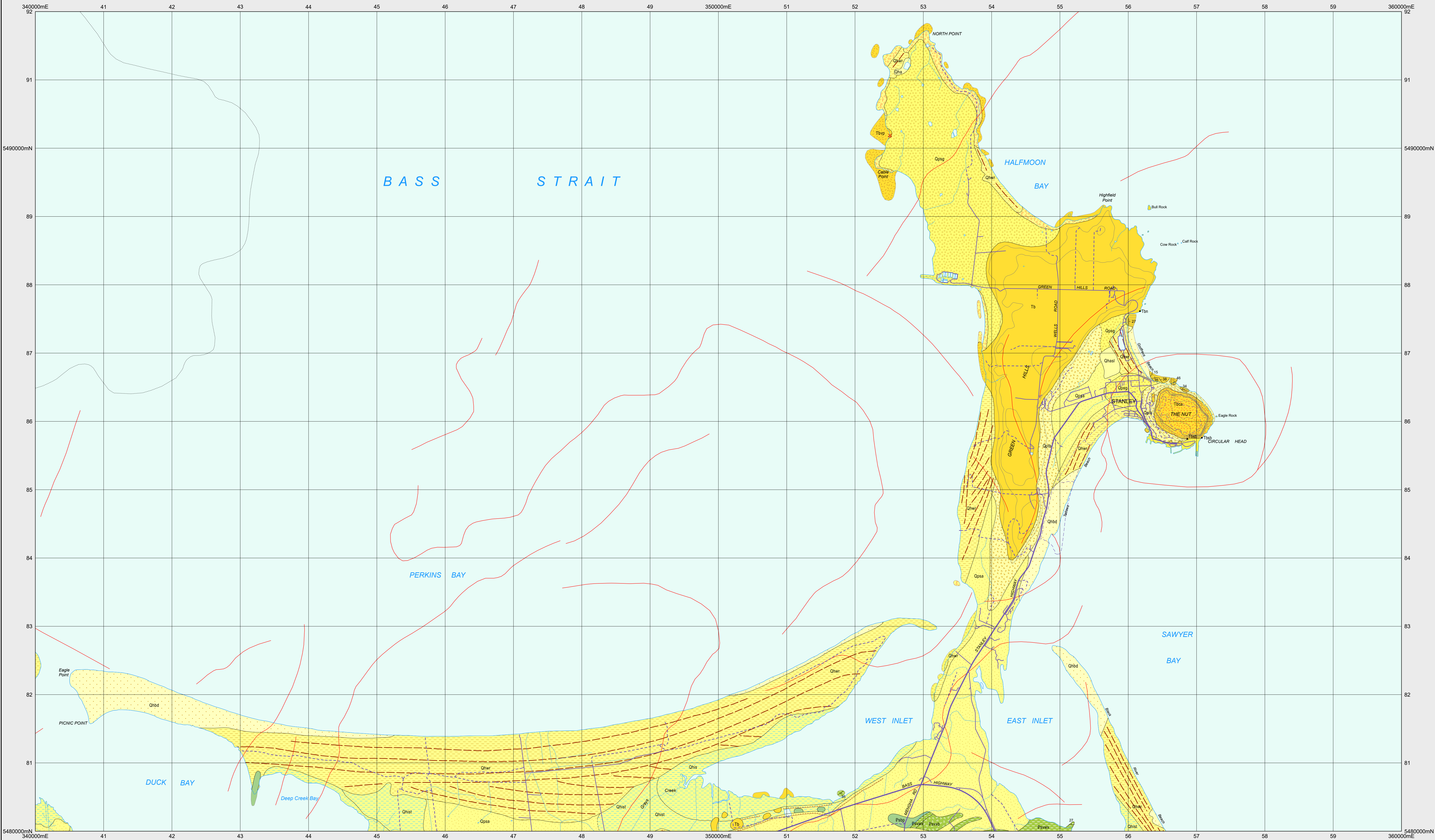
STANLEY

Scale 1:25 000

0 500 1000 1500 2000 2500m

Mineral Resources Tasmania

DIGITAL GEOLOGICAL ATLAS 1:25 000 SCALE SERIES
STANLEY, SHEET 3448



CENOZOIC	QUATERNARY	
	HOLOCENE	
	Qhmm	Man-made deposits (Qhmm).
	Qha	Stream alluvium, swamp and marsh deposits (Qha). Dominantly sandy loam (Qhas).
PLEISTOCENE	Qhs	Perale clay, silt, sand and minor gravel deposits of modern salt marsh and associated tidal flats (Qhs); and of coastal sea-tree swamp (Qhsa).
	Qhbd	Younger active dune and beach sand and beach gravel (Qhbd). Cobble beach derived from Tertiary basalt (Qhbc).
	Qhwr	Sand of stabilised longitudinal beach ridges (Qhwr).
	Qpsa	Older stabilised aeolian sand of predominantly coastal plain, with underlying marine sands in places; may show relic landforms including terraces, lunettes, linear or baraban dunes, and beach ridges related to regressive strandlines of Last Interglacial Stage (Qpsa).
NEOGENE	Qpbt	Basalt talus (Qpbt).
	Qpsg	Gravel deposits of probable strandline origin, probably related to higher sea-level during Last Interglacial Stage (Qpsg).
PALEOGENE - NEOGENE	Erosional Surface.	
	Tbv	Basalt (Tb). Basalt pillow lava (Tbv). Alkali olivine basalt (Tbas). Olivine nephelinite indicated (Tbn).
PALEOGENE - NEOGENE	Tbsb	Agglomerate, tuff and tuffaceous sedimentary rocks (Tbsb) (Stanley beds). Coarse-grained and/or coarse-grained basalt (Tbsa).
	Angular unconformity.	

NEOPROTEROZOIC	TOSKANA GROUP	
	Pbsp	Interbedded lithic wacke (massive to well bedded, turbiditic and/or mafic volcanoclastic in part), laminated siltstone/mudstone, minor polymict lithic conglomerate, and possible occurrences of coarse breccia or mudstone with clasts of mafic volcanic rocks (Pbsp). (Correlate of Kessel Creek Formation; may include equivalents of Crook Hill Member).
	Pbsv	Massive and amygdaloidal, dominantly tholeiitic basalt, commonly with pillows (Pbsv). (Correlate of Spinks Creek Volcanics).
	Pbsb	Mudstone with rounded clasts of basic igneous and other rock-types (Pbsb). (Correlate of Crook Hill Member).
CENOZOIC	IGNEOUS ROCKS	
	Tbv	Basalt (Tb). Basalt pillow lava (Tbv). Alkali olivine basalt (Tbas). Olivine nephelinite indicated (Tbn).
	Tbsa	Coarse-grained and/or coarse-grained basalt (Tbsa).
	Pbsp	Massive and amygdaloidal, dominantly tholeiitic basalt, commonly with pillows (Pbsp). (Correlate of Spinks Creek Volcanics).
NEOPROTEROZOIC	TOSKANA GROUP	
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CONTACTS	Geological contact.
	Geological contact - inferred.
	Limit of detailed mapping.
	Scarp.
LINEARS	Subsurface geological boundary projected to surface.
	Trend of older stabilised Holocene beach ridges.
	Lineament - visible in magnetic data.
	Strike and dip of bedding, facing known; unknown.
SOURCE DIAGRAM	Highly detailed (eg. more detailed than 1:25 000 scale mapping).
	Detailed systematic (eg. 1:25 000 map or equivalent detail).
	Regional systematic (eg. 1:50 000, 1:63 360 map or equivalent detail).
	Regional mapping less detailed than 1:63 360 map or equivalent (all other scales).
LOCATION DIAGRAM	Reconnaissance mapping with sparse ground traverses.
	Remote sensing and/or geophysical interpretation with limited or no ground information.
	Compiled by D.B. Seymour, B.Sc (Hons), PhD. 2008 from the following sources (see source diagram).
	A. LENNOX, P.G., CORBETT, K.D., BAILLIE, P.W., CORBETT, E.B., BROWN, A.V. 1982. Geological Atlas 1:25 000 Series. Sheet 21 (7916S). Smithton. Tasmanian Department of Mines.
REFERENCE THIS MAP AS:	B. D.B. Seymour, 2001. Interpretation of aerial photographs and airborne magnetic radiometric data collected under the Western Tasmanian Regional Minerals Program, 2001.
	C. D.B. Seymour, 2001. Unpublished interpretation of Western Tasmanian Regional Minerals Program airborne magnetic data covering offshore areas.
	Base data from the LIST. Copyright State of Tasmania.
	Map produced by Spatial Information Services, Mineral Resources Tasmania.
STANLEY 3448	Website: www.mrt.tas.gov.au
	QDA84 - MGA Zone 55. Contour Interval: 20 metres.
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