EL 57 / 2004 BOOBYALLA PLAINS NORTH EAST TASMANIA

ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDING

7TH APRIL 2006

MINES

VAN DIEMAN MINES PTY LIMITED

30TH November 2006

PREPARED BY:

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OVERVIEW

During early 2004 Van Dieman Mines Pty Ltd (VDM), in conducting a search of the MRT Open File database, located old drill records for the Boobyalla River area of north east Tasmania. The records indicated the presence of a possible +20 million cubic metres of tin bearing alluvials located approximately 12 km north west of Gladstone along Dugard's Creek a west bank tributary of the Boobyalla River. Tin and sapphires had also been reported in the same area by Mineral Holdings Australia as a result of their regional heavy mineral sampling program in 2001.

In October 2004 VDM made application for an Exploration Licence covering the prospective area and including some 24 sq. km. of the Boobyalla and Ringarooma River coastal floodplains. The tenement was subsequently granted in April 2005.

In 2005 VDM commenced a re-assessment of the Mineral Holdings database and archival material derived from the MRT Open File database. Old drill hole locations were digitized onto AMG format and added to the VDM regional database, those locations appear here as Figure 6. The company has recently acquired further drilling data resulting from work conducted by Rio Tinto (RTAE) in 1958, by Utah Development in 1966 and by Amdex Mining in 1980. That data has also been digitized and added to the GIS database. In addition, company staff have managed to locate many features depicted on a historical maps These features are being accurately located using DGPS survey techniques.

The Company plans to trial GPR (Ground Penetrating Radar) and seismic geophysical survey techniques over selected sections of the Scotia Lead that lie within ML 15M / 2004. These works will be conducted to determine if GPR could be used on a regional basis to locate possible tin and heavy mineral bearing palaeo channels such as the channel located by the Utah drilling within EL 57 / 63 at Dugard's workings.

The Company is continuing to conduct field activities within the tenement and in the next year will, if geophysical test surveys are successful, trial several seismic survey techniques over the known leads and potential lead extensions.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION:

The tenement encompasses the coastal floodplains of the Boobyalla and Ringarooma Rivers. Immediate alluvial tin / sapphire targets within the tenement include a prospective area of tin bearing alluvials located in the Dugards Creek area and more specifically around the old Dobson's and Dugard's workings just south of Old Port Road near Boobyalla Homestead.

Drilling by Utah Development during the period 1963 to 1966 defined a prospective tin bearing alluvial channel in the vicinity of the old workings. Utah staff postulated that the channel could contain around 23 million cubic metres of alluvium containing an average tin content of $89.0 \ \text{gm} \ / \ \text{m}^3$ of cassiterite.

VDM have recently acquired additional historical drill records and drill hole location plans, circa 1958, and 1963 to 1965. Drill hole locations have been digitized and added to the company database. Preliminary studies of those data and site studies indicate that two prospective alluvial tin resources exist in the Dugard's Creek area, both are centered over the old Dobson's and Dugard's workings. See Figures 1 and 2. Specifically those two resources are:

- a shallow alluvial deposit derived from the reworking of tin bearing Tertiary alluvials by the modern drainage; and
- a deeper palaeo-channel deposit originally delineated by the 1963 to 1965 Utah drilling program.

VDM is continuing to update its GIS database. In order to obtain 3D location data, X, Y and Z coordinates, the company is conducting local DGPS surveys around the old worked and drilled areas. Additional heavy mineral sampling is being conducted in worked areas with particular emphasis on the gem component, sapphire and spinel. Assessment of historical data will continue and will be used to define possible targets for geophysical surveys, GPR or seismic.

2.0 LOCATION AND ACCESS:

The tenement is centered approximately 12 km northwest of the Township of Gladstone and encompasses the coastal floodplain sections of the Boobyalla and Ringarooma Rivers. The centroid of the area is located at 575,000mE; 5470300mN. Figures 1, 2 and 3.

Access throughout most of the area is very good. The Gladstone to Bridport road cuts east - west across the southern section of the tenement and the Old Port and Boobyalla Roads run south and north respectively from the main east west road. Intensive agricultural development provides vehicular access away from the main public road system.

The Dugard's Creek workings are located just south of the Boobyalla Road. Figure 1 and 2.

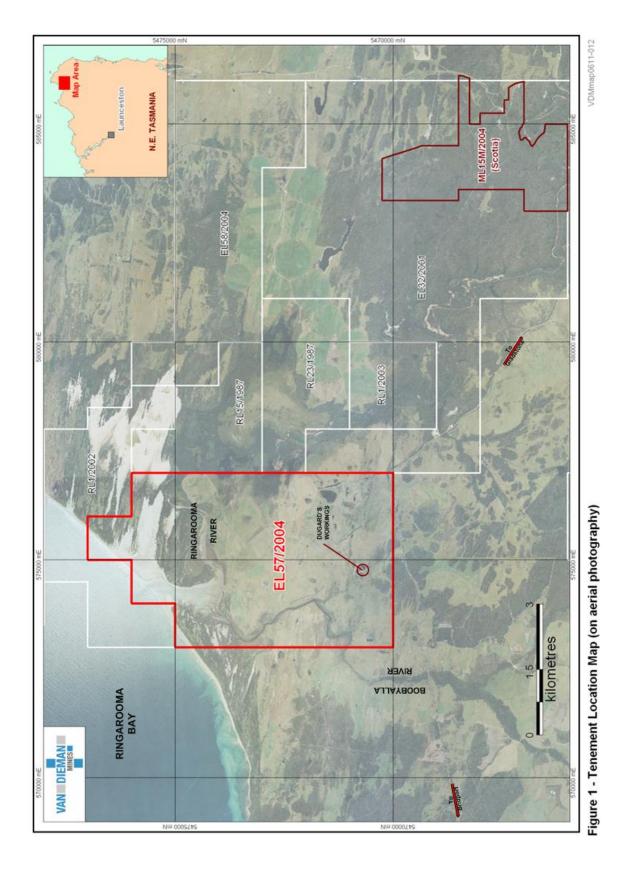


FIGURE 1 - LOCATION PLAN AIRPHOTO BASE

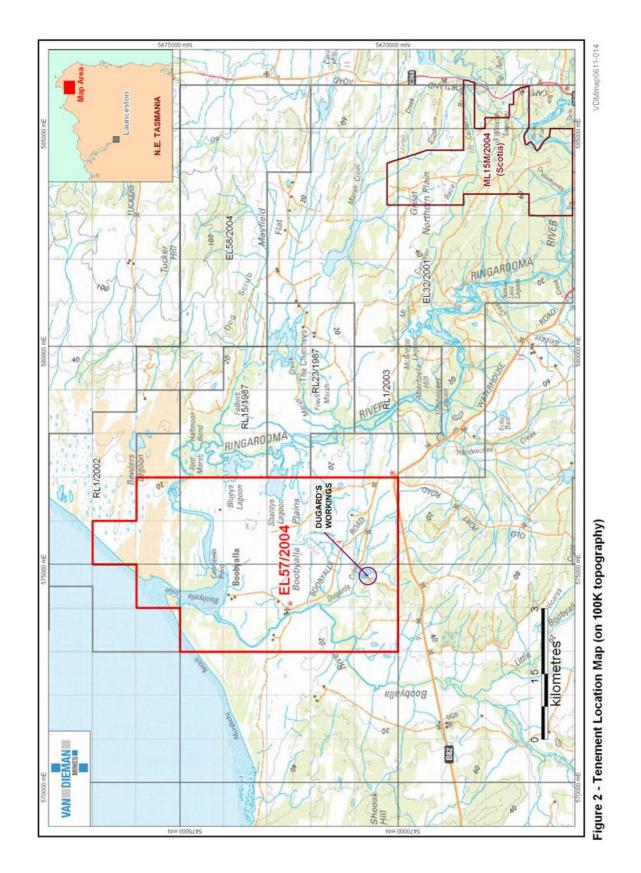
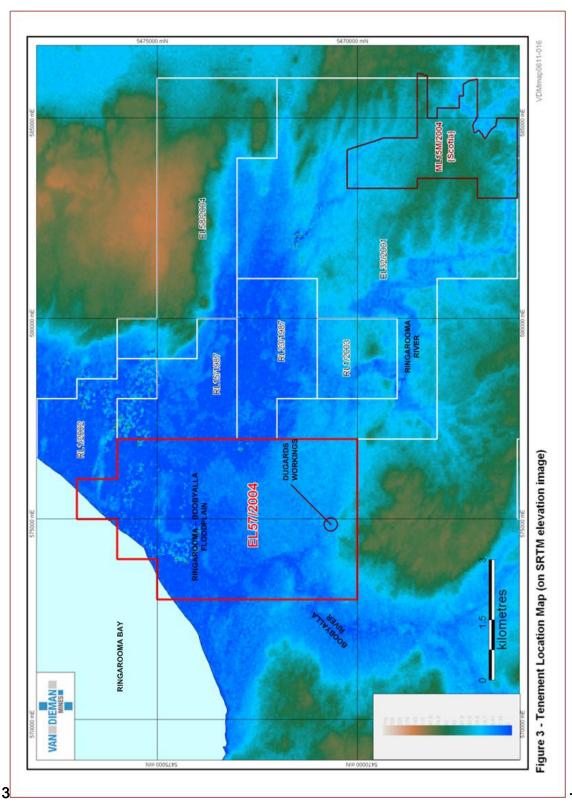


FIGURE 2 - LOCATION PLAN TOPOGRAPHIC BASE

FIGURE



LOCATION PLAN
SATELLITE IMAGE BASE

3.0 HISTORICAL BACKGROUND:

Alluvial tin was first worked in the general area in about the early 1880's. The date of commencement of alluvial mining in the Dugard's Creek area is not documented however it is likely to have commenced in the period around the turn of the century, 1900 to 1905. Workings inspected appear to indicate that the alluvial deposits worked were of a shallow nature and probably excavated by hand or using a pump and elevator system.

Little work appears to have been carried out in the period 1905 to 1950. In the early 1950's the Rio Tinto group (RTAE) carried out a regional airborne magnetic and scintillometer survey aimed at delineating basalt and granite bodies. In 1957 the Bureau of Mineral Resources conducted seismic refraction surveys in the region, subsequently published as BMR Record 1961 / 151. RTAE subsequently carried out hand and mechanized drilling along those seismic lines, results are appended to this report. In 1961 - 1962 the BMR conducted further seismic surveys to the south at Monarch, these were published as BMR Record 1964 /54.

In 1963 Utah development Company was granted EL 6 / 1963. The company carried out drilling in the vicinity of Dugard's workings and in the region between those workings eastwards to the Delta Mine at the Ringarooma River (EL 32 / 2001). Results are summarized in the Appendices to this report.

Little further work appears to have carried out until the regional heavy mineral sampling conducted during the period 1999 to 2001 by Mineral Holdings Australia.

4.0 GEOLOGY

Since acquiring tenure to this property VDM has continued to reassess the regional geological setting particularly as it pertains to the alluvial deposition during the Tertiary period. Historical data; mine locations, drill hole locations and geophysical data are being progressively added to a regional database. The company now recognizes that the Great Northern Plains, in this instance taken to include the floodplains of the Boobyalla and Ringarooma Rivers, hosts significant terrestrial and marine alluvial tin and gem bearing resources.

4.1 REGIONAL SETTING

It is not proposed to provide a detailed description of the older geological unit, a brief outline of the nature of each major unit is provided, in tabulated form, Table 1 and a geological map as Figure 4.

The tabulation sets out the significance of each unit. It is the Tertiary units, in particular the basal sections, that are of economic significance as they contain the heavy mineral concentrations; cassiterite, tantalite, gold and sapphire being the most economically important.

The Tertiary marine embayment is a significant local feature and appears to have hosted a number of regressive and transgressive phases during the Tertiary period. The presence of the embayment is supported by drill data, those data being encompassed in Annual reports for RL's 15 and 23 / 1987, by previous gravity geophysical surveys (Shell Exploration Bouguer Gravity, 1981) and by MRT aeromagnetic data. See Figure 5.

Both terrestrial and marine sediments are represented in the Tertiary profile at Aberfoyle and the historical drill records from the Dugard's / Dobson's workings areas make mention of marine sands within the lithologic profile. The Dugard's deposits appear to be developed along the southern edge of the embayment where the embayment abuts an area of elevated granite and metasediment basement.

The Boobyalla River cuts through this basement high. The current river would have discharged into the embayment in the vicinity of Dugard's workings although a further break in the basement high west of the current river course suggests that the ancestral river could well have had multiple entry points into the embayment. Alternating regressive and transgressive phases during the Tertiary would support multiple discharge locations.

UNITS	SIGNIFICANCE	Forms the tin rich Mt. Cameron Massif and basement around the southern edge of the Tertiary marine embayment. Locally may be a source of tin.	Forms a resistant basement outcrop and is the bounding feature of the eastern edge of the Tertiary marine embayment. Sporadic outcrops may occur resting on granite basement along the southern edge of the embayment	Forms basement in sections near Aberfoyle and Monarch and its low weathering resistance may lead to the development of tin rich Tertiary channels cut into the unit	Basal layers are generally tin (cassiterite) enriched, locally of economic significance. Also known to contain gold, sapphire, rutile, zircon and ilmenite	Locally represent overburden zones over Tertiary tin bearing alluvial deposits. Some recent gravels may be tin bearing
TABLE 1 IONAL SETTING - MAJOR GEOLOGICAL UNITS	DESCRIPTION	Porphyritic fine to coarse grained granite / adamellite and biotite-hornblende granodiorite	Dolerite	Quartzwacke turbidite sequence locally hornfelsed adjacent to granite bodies	Sands, clays and gravels, locally bouldery. Lignite zones at some localities. Some evidence of ferricrete and silcrete development	Highly variable: sands, clays, peats. Aeoloian dune deposits. Swamps and marshy deposits
REGIONAL	UNIT	Blue Tier Batholith	Dolerite	Mathinna Beds	Unnamed	Unnamed
	AGE	DEVONIAN - CARBONIFEROUS	JURASSIC	ORDOVICIAN TO DEVONIAN	TERTIARY	QUATERNARY

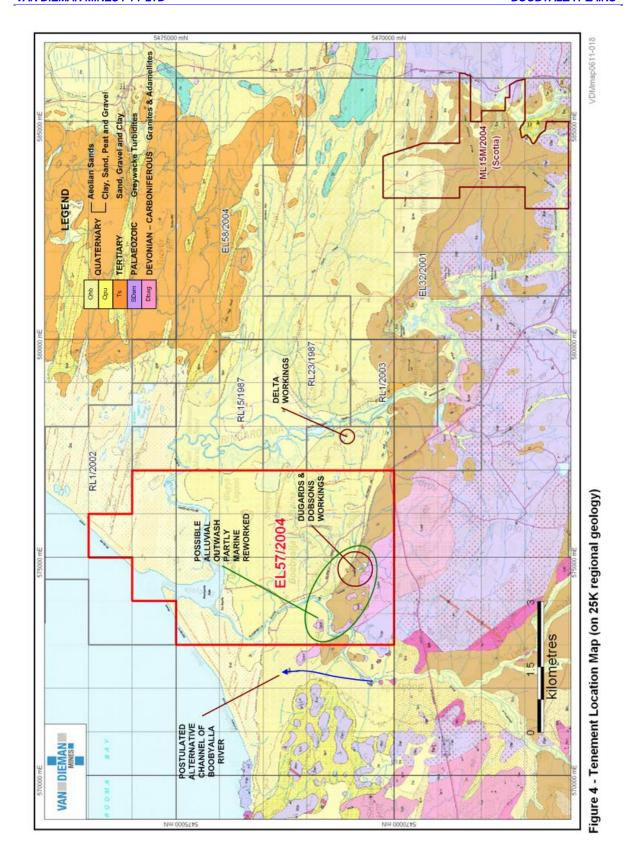


FIGURE 4 - GEOLOGICAL PLAN OF EL 57 / 2004

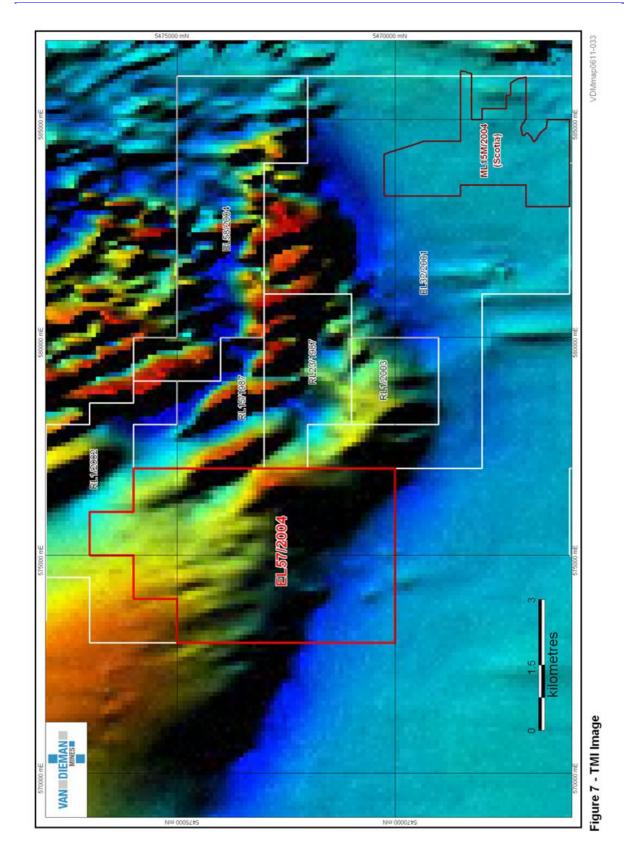


FIGURE 5 - AIRMAGNETIC MAP AFTER MRT

4.2 LOCAL GEOLOGY:

In 1957 RTAE drilled nine holes, four were machine bored and five bored by hand. The four machine bored holes appear to be drilled to the south of the tenement in an area previously subject of a seismic refraction survey.

All four holes encountered unsorted pebble beds and basal sequences of marine or estuarine clays and silts. The general unsorted nature of the upper pebbly horizons is certainly more indicative of marine or estuarine deposition where rapid outwash style deposition predominates. The sequence as reported by RTAE is suggestive of an initial period of transgression with deeper still water resulting in the deposition of finer silt and clay fractions probably not close to the shoreline. The unsorted pebble beds are probably derived during periods of uplift, rapid erosion and similar rapid deposition in a regressive marine period.

The hand bored holes were located close to the Dugard's workings and appear to have encountered shallow shingle and gravelly deposits. Two modes of deposition are possible:

- Marine nearshore reworked shingle or strand line deposits with tin being concentrated by wave action. The limited extent of these deposits supports this concept; or
- Reworking of tin bearing Tertiary alluvium by Dugards Creek. This is less likely but cannot be discounted as the deposits do not extend far upstream of the workings

Two of the holes drilled between Dugard's and Delta encountered deeper ground containing finer grained material; sands, silts and clays of marine origin, indicative of a position in a deeper section of the embayment.

During the period 1663 to 1965 Utah drilled some 27 holes totaling 460 metres of drilling in the immediate vicinity of Dugard's and Dobson's workings. See Figure 6. Results were difficult to interpret. Tin bearing horizons were scattered throughout the drill holes and could not be correlated hole to hole. Rapid lensing of tin bearing horizons suggests marine reworking was active although Utah geologists interpret the deposit as occurring in a well defined channel some 3 km in length, 1.8 km in width an up to 30 m deep.

The regional geologic map indicates that the granite and metasediment basement high that runs roughly east - west across the southern end of the tenement appears to be the limiting feature for development of the Tertiary alluvial gravel deposits. If this is the case then, the channel may in fact be developed at the edge of the Tertiary marine basin. Erratic tin distribution and rapid lensing of gravel beds being indicative of wave action reworking of the alluvial deposits against the ancient shoreline during periods of regression and transgression.

There is some evidence to suggest that the Boobyalla River may have had several channels and entered the embayment in at least two positions, the current location and a location to the west. See Figure 4 and Figure 5. Prospective tin bearing alluvial deposits might be located where these channels spill into the main embayment.

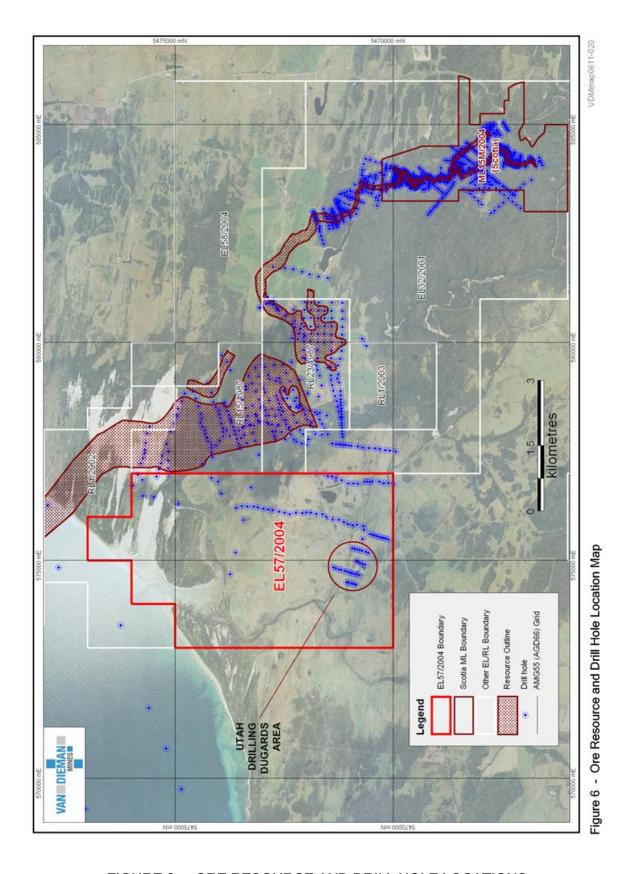


FIGURE 6 - ORE RESOURCE AND DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS

4.3 RECENT EXPLORATION:

During the period 1999 to 2001 Mineral Holdings Australia (MHA) conducted a program of regional heavy mineral sampling throughout the region. Included in these works was a sample taken from Dugard's tailings that yielded a result of $0.99~kg / m^3~SnO_2~$ and a number of samples from the Delta workings to the east within EL 32 / 2001. No gem material was derived from the Dugard's sample although good sapphire values were obtained at the delta site. Results are appended, see Appendix 8.1.

The VDM field crew continue to conduct DGPS survey pick-up of significant mine related features, these include old worked areas, water races and drill or sample hole locations. Those data are being continuously transferred onto the company GIS database.

A plot of the Utah drill hole locations overlain on the SRTM satellite image indicates the close proximity of the Utah resource to the area of basement high. The image would appear to indicate that the Tertiary alluvial deposits of the GNP are draped over the edge of the basement high and thus would have been susceptible to shallow water marine reworking. Dugard's workings are developed immediately adjacent, and to the north of, this shelving ground in what is interpreted to be a drop-off into a deeper marine environment.

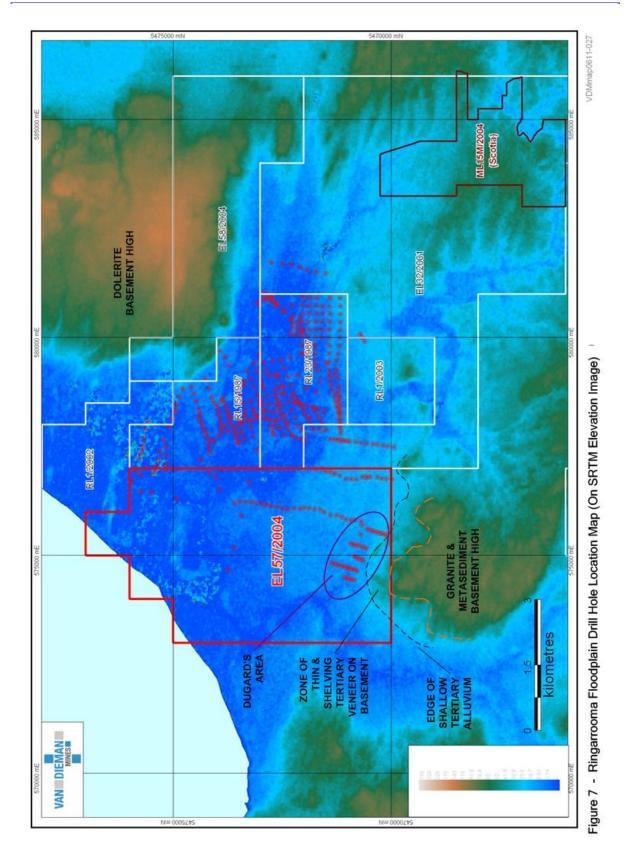


FIGURE 7 - RINGAROOMA FLOODPLAIN AND DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS (On SRTM IMAGE)

5.0 PROPOSED WORK PROGRAMS:

Proposed work programs include:

 a. Complete addition of all old data into VDM GIS database. This includes DGPS survey location of all old alluvial drilling, location of old workings and any mining cultural heritage sites;

- b. The company will consider trialing either GPR (Ground Penetrating Radar) and shallow seismic surveys in the tenement, in particular those surveys will be aimed at locating and defining the channel defined by the Utah drilling. The technique used will be dependent on which method is most successful in providing alluvial profile detail; and
- Using these data determine the most suitable method to define accurately drilling targets.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS:

Previous drilling has defined a deep and reasonably extensive tin bearing alluvial channel in the vicinity of Dugards Creek workings. Current drilling costs prohibit the drilling of large numbers of fence lines of holes as has been done in the past exploration campaigns. The use of modern geophysical techniques will, it is hoped, provide a tool that will better define the main alluvial channels and thus enable drill targets to be accurately located prior to the commencement of any drill program. The ability of VDM to create a database of GIS information and to use that database to create a Tertiary bedrock map of the tenement willalso assist in making definition of prospective economic zones easier. The ability to transfer geophysical data to this information suite is also critical to the location of possible tin bearing leads and subsidiary or feeder leads.

The complex nature of the sequence as defined by the Utah drilling, the erratic distribution of tin values contained, it would seem, in rapidly lensing pebble and gravel horizons will make resource calculations problematic. The target sought will have to be of a "Dredgable" type, that is large volume, low grade, but extensive enough to warrant the high capital expenditure associated with dredge mining. Current costs of a medium size bucket wheel dredge are around \$60M, other options would include double dredging with smaller suction cutter machines.

VDM believes a significant high volume - low grade economic tin resource may exist in the Dugard's Creek area in the zone immediately north of, and parallel to, the basement high. Further targets include the spill zone of the ancestral Boobyalla River and deeper zones within the floodplain area.

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8.0 APPENDICES

8.1 HISTORICAL DRILL LOGS - RTAE, 1958

BOOBYALLA PROJECT - HISTORICAL DRILL RECORDS - RTAE 1958	Sydney / Canberra		LITHOLOGY					Surface Soil	Med. Grained Light Grey Sand	Fine Light Grey Sandy Clay	Pebble beds, Rounded Qtz & Qtzite in Silty Sand	Weathered Biotite Granite	Solid Biotite Granite					Sands & Puggy Sands	Pebble Beds, Qtz & Qtzite in Light Grey Sandy or Clay Sand	Pebbly & Sandy Clays, Pebbles in Clayey Matrix	Blue Green Muds & Sandy Clays	Grey Green Laminated Muds & Sandy Clays	Grey Green Micaceous Weathered Granite				
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	LOCATION:	Peg 5315,	Seismic Line A,	e A, Boobyalla	River,	Government Bore No.	Bore No. 3	3			
вн з						0.00	3.96	3.96			Puggy Sand
						3.96	6.10	2.14			Pebble Conglomerate, Light Grey Unsorted Sands Mtrix
						6.10	24.38	18.28			Pebbly & Sandy Gays & Fine Puggy Sands
						24.38	25.91	1.53			Weathered Biotite Granite
								25.91			
		GRADE				0.00	24.38	24.38	Ē		
	LOCATION:	Peg 5315,	Seismic Line A, Boobyalla	e A, Booby		River, Government Bore No.	Bore No. 4				
BH 4						0	1.52	1.52			Surface Soil, Ferruginous Sands
						1.52	3.05	1.53			Light Grey Puggy Sand
						3.05	6.40	3.35			Coarse Unsorted Grit
						6.40	12.80	6.40			Pebble Conglomerate, Rounded Qtz in Gitty Mtrix
						12.80	24.99	12.19			Pebbly & Sandy Clays
						24.99	26.52	1.53			Weathered Granite
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DHB 1						0.00	1.22	1.22			Light Grey Sandy Pug
						1.22	3.35	2.13			Pebble conglomerate, Qtz & Qtzite in Sitty Sand
						3.35	98.9	3.51			Light Grey Med Gr Sands & Micac Sands
						98.9	7.47	0.61			Weathered Silty Sandstone
								7.47			
		GRADE				00:00	98.9	98.9	130.52		
	_	LOCATION: Dugards Creek Area, Boobyalla Plains, Hand Bored	eek Area, B	oobyalla Pl	ains, Hand I	Sored					
DHB 2						0	0.46	0.46			Surface Soil
						0.46	3.96	3.50			Pebble Conglomerate
						3.96	4.88	0.92			Light Grey Clayey Sand
						4.88					Dense Grey Sandstone
								4.88			
		GRADE				0.00	4.88	4.88	₹		

RTAE 1958	Sydney / Canberra		LITHOLOGY					Surface Soil & Ferrug Cemented Sand	Alt. Fine to Med Unsorted Sands, Some Pebbles											
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8.2 HISTORICAL DRILL LOGS - AFTER UTAH, 1966

VAN DIEMAN				800	BOOBYALLA PROJECT	PROJEC	ST - HIST	- HISTORICAL DI	DRILL RECORDS	RDS - RTAE 1958
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					0.00	12.80	12.80			Not To Basement
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COUNCE MRT Acthives DATE PREP: Nov-06 FILE LOC:	A	VAN DIEMAN		BOOB	YALLA P	BOOBYALLA PROJECT	1.1	RICAL E	RILL REC	ORDS - F	HISTORICAL DRILL RECORDS - RTAE 1958	
COCATION Ush Drill Summaries MRT FILE 66_0430		MINES		SOURCE			DATE PRE	<u>ä:</u>	Nov-06		FILE LOC:	Sydney / Canberra
LOCATION: Line 53 R. DEPTH R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R.				LOCATIO	Z	Utah Drill S	ummaries		MRT FILE	66_0430		
EASTING NORTHING B/MENT B/MENT FROM TO INTERVAL GRADE WEIGHTED	ш	W	Q Q	R	DEPTH	R			INTERSECT	NOI.		ГІТНОГОСУ
LOCATION: Line 53	П	EASTING	NORTHING		B/ MENT	B/ MENT	FROM	10	INTERVAL	GRADE	WEIGHTED	
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		SOURCE	MRT Archives		DATE PREP:	ë.	Nov-06		FILE LOC:	Sydney / Canberra
	_	LOCATION		Utah Drill Summaries	ummaries		MRT FILE	66_0430		
AMG		RL	DEPTH	RL			INTERSECTION	NOI.		ГІТНОГОВУ
EASTING NORTHING	DRTHING		B/ MENT	B/ MENT	FROM	ТО	INTERVAL	GRADE	WEIGHTED	
							-	g	უ × -	
		ε	ε	ε	ε	ε	٤	g/ m³ Sn		
LOCATION: Line 53	ine 53									
					00:0	12.80	12.80			Not To Basement
				뉠	0.00	12.80	12.80	Trace		
LOCATION: Line 55	ine 55									
					00:0	6.32	6.32			Not To Basement
				뉠	0.00	6.35	6.35	Ē		
					000	12.57	12.57			Not To Basement
				TN.	0.00	12.57	12.57	Trace		
					00:00	24.38	24.38			Not To Basement
				ļ.		1	1			
				2	0.00	15.24	15.24	08.71		
					0.00	14.25	14.25			Not To Basement
				N	0.00	14.25	14.25	17.80		
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		Sydney / Canberra		ПТНОГОСУ					Not To Basement			Not To Basement									
	88	Sydne			n				NotT		1	NotT		Not		NotT		Not	1		
	TAE 199	FILE LOC			WEIGHTED	5 ×															
	- HISTORICAL DRILL RECORDS - RTAE 1958		66_0430	NOI	GRADE	5	g/m³ Sn			1	7/.16		88.99		11.87		17.80		33.00	73.00	
	RILL REC	Nov-06	MRT FILE	INTERSECTION	INTERVAL	_	ε		17.89	L	15.24	22.86	12.19	22.86	22.86	24.38	7.62	22.86	10 20	67.01	
	RICAL [70		ε		17.89	L	15.24	22.86	12.19	22.86	22.86	24.38	7.62	22.86	10.20	67:01	
	- HISTO	ATE PREP:	Utah Drill Summaries		FROM		ε		0.00	000	00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00:00		00.00	
	30JECT	chives	Utah Drill (R	B/ MENT		ε			ŀ			닐		LN		닐		E		
	BOOBYALLA PROJECT	MRT Archives		DEPTH	B/ MENT		ε														
	BOOB	SOURCE	LOCATION	R			Ε														
				CT.	ORTHING			Line 55													
	VAN DIEMAN			AMG	EASTING NORTHING			LOCATION: Line 55									+				
	VAN			HOLE	9				78A			77		76		75		74			

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MINES										
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+		LOCATION		Utah Drill S	Summaries		MRT FILE	66_0430		
AMG		RL	DEPTH	RL			INTERSECTION	NOIL		LITHOLOGY
ž 5	EASTING NORTHING		B/ MENT	B/ MENT	FROM	70	INTERVAL	GRADE	WEIGHTED	
							_	g ·	ช ×	
+		٤	E	٤	٤	ε	٤	g/m³ Sn		
LOCATION: 1	Line 55									
Н					0.00	15.24	15.24			Not To Basement
+				Z	0.00	6.10	6.10	5.93		
LOCATION: 1	Line 75									
					0.00	23.16	23.16			Not To Basement
				INI	0.00	4.57	4.57	23.73		
+					00.00	18.97	18.97			Not To Basement
+				¥	0.00	9.14	9.14	47.46		
					00:00	6.48	6.48			Not To Basement
				FIN	000	878	6.48	17.80		
+					8	5	P C	2		
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	BOOB	YALLA PI	BOOBYALLA PROJECT	1	RICAL D	HISTORICAL DRILL RECORDS - RTAE 1958	ORDS - F	TAE 1958	
	SOURCE	MRT A	MRT Archives	DATE PREP:	ė.	Nov-06		FILE LOC:	Sydney / Canberra
	LOCATION		Utah Drill St	Summaries		MRT FILE	66_0430		
AMG	R	DEPTH	RL			INTERSECTION	NOI		ПТНОГОСУ
EASTING NORTHING		B/ MENT	B/ MENT	FROM	10	INTERVAL	GRADE	WEIGHTED	
						_	g	o ×	
	٤	٤	٤	ε	ε	ε	g/m³Sn		
LOCATION: Line 73									
				00.0	14.33	14.33			Sands, Pebble beds
				14.33	15.85	1.52			Basement
						15.85			
			ŀ	0	Į.	0.4	0000		
			2	0.00	0.4g	0.4.0	83.06		
				00.00	17.68	17.68			Sands, Pebble beds
				17.68	19.20	1.52			Basement
						19.20			
			L Z	0.00	8.84	8.84	94.92		
				0.00	7.92	7.92			Sands, Pebble beds
				7.92	9.14	1.22			Basement
						9.14			
			L	0.00	4.57	4.57	5.93		

8.3 TEST RESULTS - MINERAL HOLDINGS, 2001.

RECONNAISSANCE HEAVY MINERAL SAMPLING

PROJECT: Wyniford River TENEMENT: SEL 22 / 1999 DATE: 16/09/2001

SAMPLE	SAMPLE SITE		CASSITERITE	Ē		SAPPHIRE		GC	LD
NO		% Sn	70%	70%	Number	Mass	Grade		
			SnO ₂	SnO ₂					
			grams	kg/LCM		grams	g/LCM	gm	g/LCM
	Wyniford River								
25	Wyniford River	0.11	1562.0	2.34	4	0.0953	15.8		
42	Wyniford River	0.11	1562.0	2.34	33	0.8024	75.6	#	
43	Wyniford River	0.06	852.0	1.28	9	0.1322	11		
44	Wyniford River	0.22	3124.0	4.69	22	0.2837	24.2		
45	Wyniford River	0.01	140.6	0.21					
46	Wyniford River	0.07	994.0	1.49	1	0.0334	2.6		
47	Wyniford River	0.002	28.4	0.04					
48	Wyniford River	0.03	413.2	0.62					
64	Rio Grande Creek	0.01	139.2	0.21					
65	Frome River	0.06	822.2	1.23					
66	Old Workings at Frome River	0.11	1562.0	2.34					
67	Wickborg Creek	0.02	342.2	0.51					

PROJECT: Great Northern Plain TENEMENT: SEL 22 / 1999 DATE: 16/09/2001

	Great Northern Plain								
1	Canary Mine	0.12	1704.0	2.56				#	
2	McGregor Mine Tailings	0.02	222.9	0.33	2	0.0119	0.8	#	
8	Delta Mine Tailings	0.02	265.5	0.40	5	0.0507	4.8		
9	Delta Mine Feed	0.04	516.9	0.78					
10	Dugard Mine Tailings	0.05	660.3	0.99					
12	Dry Gut Mine Feed	0.05	701.5	1.05	1	0.0108	2.0		
81	Creek past McGregors Mine	0.10	1393.02	2.09	3	0.0254	3.5		
82	McGregors Wash	0.0057	80.9	0.12					
83	McGregors Wash	0.01	78.1	0.12				#	
630059	McGregors Wash	0.00	2.8	0.00					
630060	McGregors Wash	0.01	96.6	0.14					
630061	Aberfoyle Central	0.10	1420.0	2.13	97	1.0638	91.5	#	
630062	Aberfoyle Central	0.0074	105.08	0.16					
630063	Aberfoyle East	0.014	198.8	0.30					
630064	Aberfoyle East	0.0115	163.3	0.245	4	0.0577	4.95		0.015
630065	Aberfoyle Central	0.0078	110.76	0.17	1	0.0106	1.35		
630066	Aberfoyle Central	0.0005	7.1	0.01				#	
630067	Dry Gut								
630068	Dry Gut	0.0239	339.38	0.51					
630069	Dry Gut								
630070	Delta Workings	0.0166	235.72	0.35					0.03
630071	Delta Workings	0.0571	810.82	1.22	5	0.0453	7.35		0.15
630072	Delta Workings	0.0013	18.46	0.03					
630080	Wanex								
630081	Wanex	0.0007	9.94	0.01				#	